



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 3 Hours

Subject - English
Maximum Marks-80

General Instructions:

- This paper is divided into 3 sections: A, B and C. All the sections are compulsory.
- Attempt questions based on specific instructions for each section. Maintain the serial number of the questions.
- Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.

SECTION A: READING SKILLS (20 Marks)

I. Read the passage given below.

1. It is rare to find someone with good technical and communication skills. You can get far ahead of your colleagues if you combine the two early in your career. People will judge, evaluate, promote or block you based on your communication skills. Since habits form by repeating both good and bad forms of communication, learn to observe great communicators and adopt their styles and traits – in written and verbal forms. The art of listening and learning from each and every interaction, is another secret recipe. Develop the subconscious habit of listening to yourself as you speak and know when to pause.
2. Learning what not to say is probably more important than learning what to say. As your career develops, you will realise that the wise speak less. Speak when you have value to add, else refrain. Poorly constructed emails with grammatical errors are acceptable between friends, but they should be seriously avoided while communicating formally with your seniors. Avoid any communication in an emotional state as that is when you might say things you will regret later. One unnecessary word uttered at the wrong time or place can ruin a relationship, career or even your life. Such is the power of words. If such a thing happens, you should immediately apologise, else it may haunt you for life.
3. Another problem to overcome is speaking too fast. Since our minds work faster than our speech, we are inclined to speak fast. This does not necessarily mean that the person hearing it will get it any faster. On the contrary, it is always the reverse. So slow down, and think before you speak. “When I get ready to speak to people,” Abraham Lincoln said, “Adding humour and wit is also essential. But realise that not all jokes are funny and observe certain boundaries. Never say anything that could offend. Remember you are not a comedian who must offend as many people as you can, to be witty.

Based on your understanding of the passage, answer the questions given below.

(10marks)

- (i) What does the author prefer more over what to say? [1]

- (a) To listen to the best orators
- (b) To listen to political leaders
- (c) To prefer what not to say
- (d) To learn formal communication

- (ii) Which of the following statements are true according to the passage? [1]
- (i) Any habit can be inculcated by repetition.
 - (ii) Learning what to say is probably more important than learning what not to say
 - (iii) It is rare to find someone with good technical and communication skills
 - (iv) Our speech is working faster than our minds.
- (a) i and ii (b) ii and iii (c) i and iii (d) ii and iv

(iii) Complete the following. [1]

Opinion	Reason
If such a thing happens, you should immediately apologise	_____

- (iv) State one factor how you can be way ahead from your colleagues in your career. [1]
- (v) Why should you be careful when you tend to be humorous? [2]
- (vi) Complete the following analogy correctly with a word/ phrase from para 1. [1]
 recipe: cooking :: _____ : communication
- (vii) What restriction has been imposed by the author when you are in an emotional state? [2]
- (viii) 'Speak when you have value to add, else refrain'. [1]
 Choose the correct option to substitute the underlined word.
 (a) avoid
 (b) indulge
 (c) release
 (d) continue

II. Read the poem given below.

BALLOONS

Whenever I see	(15)	A pair of loving hands and some don't
Gas balloons go up		They get lost, burst, or destroyed
I wonder where we'd end up		Like we do
If we're balloons.		At times:
(5) Would we go far away		They rub cheeks affectionately
To some unknown destiny?	(20)	Occasionally you can hear
Or will it be carefully decided goal		them whisper secrets
We would work our way to?		As only friend will
Balloons! How much they're		And once in a while, in the chill
(10) Like human beings-		of the night or the mist of dawn
So different from each other	(25)	You may find one tear

In colours, shapes, design and sizes flowing down
Some live long and some don't silently.
Just like us some find

Answer the following questions based on the poem given above. (10 marks)

(i) The poem describes [1]

- (a) differences between one balloon and another
- (b) differences between balloons and human beings.
- (c) similarities between balloons and human beings
- (d) similarities between the stages of a balloon's life and human life

(ii) Lines 2 to 8 describe the poet's uncertainty about [1]

- (a) the destiny of balloons
- (b) the destiny of human beings
- (c) what destiny is
- (d) where the balloons end up

(iii) "So different from each other" (line 11). The poet has used this expression to describe [1]

- (a) colours
- (b) destiny
- (c) human beings
- (d) balloons

(iv) Mention the two ways the balloons behave like friends: [2]

(v) The expression 'one tear' refers to a tear drop that looks like a balloon. (True/ false) [1]

(vi) Given below is the summary of the poem. Complete it by writing the missing word against the correct blank number in the space provided. [2]

The young poet finds a striking (a) _____ between the balloons and the human beings. Just as we never know where the balloons rise up in the air, we can never know whether we will meet an unknown (b) _____ or reach our carefully decided goal. Like ours, the (c) _____ of a balloon can be long or short. To the poet, balloons seem to be like (d) _____. They too experience joys and sorrows.

(vii) Give one example of alliteration used in this poem _____ [1]

(viii) Complete the following statement as briefly as possible. [1]

One similarity the balloons share with us, human beings is

SECTION B - GRAMMAR & WRITING SKILLS (20 marks)

GRAMMAR

III. Attempt ANY TEN out of twelve of the following tasks, as directed. (1X10=10)

i. Read the conversation between two friends and complete the passage that follows. [1]

Ritika: Can I borrow your English book for a couple of days?

Mohit: Yes certainly, I have already studied for the test tomorrow.

Ritika asked Mohit for a couple of days. Mohit agreed and said that he had already studied for the test the next day.

ii. Fill in the blank with the appropriate form of the verb given in the bracket. [1]

The teacher _____ (check) her speech with a fine tooth comb since morning.

iii. Underline the verb in the given sentence and mention if it is a transitive or an intransitive verb. [1]

The sacred dance of the tribe invoked the ancient Gods.

iv. Fill in the blank by choosing the correct preposition from the given options. [1]

Children are more susceptible ____ seasonal flu than adults.

- (a) with
- (b) from
- (c) to
- (d) of

v. Name the tense of the underlined verb form used in the following sentence. [1]

I have purchased a bicycle recently.

vi. A preposition has been omitted from the given sentence. Identify the missing preposition and word coming before and after in the given format. [1]

The mother brought the chocolates and distributed them her five children.

Before	Missing preposition	After

vii. Select the option that identifies the error and the correction for the following line: [1]

I missed the last train which I usually caught and had to stay back at the station.

Option no.	Error	Correction
A	which	Whom
B	had	have
C	caught	catch
D	at	on

viii. Fill in the blank with an appropriate preposition in the given sentence. [1]

My friends from far and near came to meet me _____ the vacation in India.

ix. The given sentence is written in direct speech. Choose the option which is its correct conversion into indirect speech. [1]

She said, "How ugly I look in this dress!"

- (a) She said that how ugly she was looking in that dress.
- (b) She exclaimed how ugly she looked in this dress.
- (c) She expressed how ugly she looked in that dress.
- (d) She exclaimed that she looked very ugly in that dress.

x. Identify the type of the verb underlined in the given sentence. [1]

The teapot broke all of a sudden.

- (a) Transitive verb
- (b) Auxiliary verb
- (c) Intransitive verb
- (d) Reporting verb

xi. The following sentence has been divided into parts. Identify the part with an error in it. Choose option (4) if the sentence has no error in it. [1]

(1)The doctor had came / (2)before you / (3) reached the hospital./ (4) NO ERROR

- (a) (1)
- (b) (2)
- (c) (3)
- (d) (4)

xii. Choose the correct indirect speech conversion of the given sentence. [1]

The driver said, "Do you want to halt for a while?"

- (a) The driver said if we wanted a halt for a while.
- (b) The driver asked if we want to halt for a while.
- (c) The driver asks if we wanted to halt for a while.
- (d) The driver asked if we wanted to halt for a while.

WRITING

IV. Attempt ANY ONE from A and B given below: (5)

A. You are the Secretary of your school Debating Club. Write a notice informing the students about the Annual Inter-School Debate Competition for classes VI to VIII , to be held in your school. (Word limit- 50 words)

OR

B. As the Secretary of the Literacy Club of St. Anne's School, Ahmedabad, draft a formal invitation card in not more than 50 words for the inauguration of the club in your school.

V. Attempt ANY ONE from A and B given below: (5)

A. You are Anu/ Anupam Khanna. You have just shifted to C-358, Friends Colony, Gurgaon-125001. Your friend Amit Mehra lives at 57, Raj Market, New Delhi- 110009. Write a letter to your friend describing your new house and your next-door neighbours in 100- 120 words.

OR

- B. You are Ravina/ Ramesh. You stay in the hostel of Bishop's School, Shimla. Write a letter to your sister who lives at Gandhi Colony, Patna- 800001, describing the visit of your class to an old age home. (Word limit 100-120 words)

SECTION C - LITERATURE (40 marks)

VI. Read the given extracts and answer the questions for ANY ONE of the two, given :

(1X5=5)

A. After a long silence, the head was lifted for another moment, and the voice replied, 'Yes, I am working.' The faintness of the voice was pitiable and dreadful. It was not the faintness of physical weakness, though confinement and hard fare no doubt had their part in it. It was the faintness of solitude and disuse.

- i. Who said 'Yes, I am working'? Where was the speaker?
- ii. Why was the speaker's voice so dreadful and pitiable?
- iii. Which word is the antonym of confinement?
 - (a) bondage
 - (b) entrapment
 - (c) emancipation
 - (d) detainment
- iv. The idiom 'had their part in it' means non - intervention. (True/False)
- v. To whom did the speaker reply in the given extract?
 - (a) Monsieur Manette
 - (b) Mr. Lorry
 - (c) Monsieur Defarge
 - (d) Gaoler's daughter

OR

B. All I saw was the blue kite. All I smelled was victory. Salvation. Redemption. If Baba was wrong and there was a God like they said in school, then He'd let me win.

- i. The speaker smelled victory means he felt _____ (euphoric/ disillusioned).
- ii. Who was going to be victorious? (Mention the name)
- iii. Fill in the blank with the correct word from the given extract.
They believe that people can come to _____ through faith.
- iv. Choose the antonym of 'redemption'.
 - (a) saving
 - (b) condemnation
 - (c) forgiveness
 - (d) rescue
- v. The speaker is wishing to win two things. What are they?

VII. Read the given extracts and answer the questions for ANY ONE of the two, given : (1x5=5)

A. High on the shore sat the great god Pan,
While turbidly flowed the river ;
And hacked and hewed as a great god can,
With his hard bleak steel at the patient reed,
Till there was not a sign of a leaf indeed
To prove it fresh from the river.

- i. What is the meaning of 'turbidly'
 - (a) clear
 - (b) weak
 - (c) lazy
 - (d) muddy
- ii. _____ is the speaker of this stanza.
- iii. The third line of each stanza ends with a word that rhymes with ' Pan '. (True / False)
- iv. What has great God Pan done with the reed ?
- v. ' And hacked and hewed as a great God can'. Which poetic device is used in this line?

OR

B. When can their glory fade?

O the wild charge they made!

All the world wondered.

Honour the charge they made!

Honour the Light Brigade,

Noble six hundred!

- i. The word ' their glory ' refers to the glory of the _____ .
- ii. Which war does the 'Charge of the Light Brigade' refer to?
- iii. The world wondered at their insincerity and cowardice. (True/ False)
- iv. At the end of 'The Charge of the Light Brigade' , the adjective _____ is used to describe the six hundred men.
- v. Which word is nearly the synonym of noble?
 - (a) despicable
 - (b) ignoble
 - (c) lowly
 - (d) lofty

VIII. Answer ANY FOUR of the following in about 40-50 words each. (4x3=12)

- i. How do you think Lucie felt when she first saw her father? Do you think that is what she had expected to see?
- ii. Describe the appearance of great God Pan and explain why he came to the river?
- iii. Give details from the story to show how the years in prison, had a terrible effect on Monsieur Manette?
- iv. Why is the valley described as the mouth of hell?
- v. What impression do you form of Hassan after reading the story?

IX. Answer ANY TWO of the following in about 40-50 words each. (2x3=6)

- i. What caused a change of heart and made Oliver become, 'a truly loving brother'?
- ii. What was the role of the witches and Lady Macbeth in Shakespeare's tragic drama 'Macbeth' ?
- iii. Rosalind and Celia preferred to stay together against all odds, throughout the play. Explain their friendship in this context.

X. Answer ANY ONE of the following in about 100-120 words. (1 x 6 = 6)

- i. Both 'Amir' and the soldiers of 'The Light Brigade' wished for victory. Write in detail the meaning of victory for both of them.
OR
- ii. Does the poem 'The Charge Of The Light Brigade' glorify war, courage and honour? Give reasons for your answer.

XI. Answer ANY ONE of the following in about 100-120 words. (1 x 6 = 6)

- i. Transformation plays a major role in Shakespeare's drama 'As You Like It'. Explain with two such examples from the drama.
OR
 - ii. Macbeth is a tragic hero. Analyse the characteristics of Macbeth that led to his downfall.
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DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - French
Maximum Marks- 40

1. Lisez le texte et répondez aux questions suivantes :

La famille Lavigne part pour Lyon. M. Lavigne a déjà (already) acheté les billets (tickets). Le train est 19h 45. M. Lavigne téléphone à son beau-frère pour annoncer leur arrivée (arrival).

Mme Lavigne prépare une petite valise (suitcase) avec ses vêtements et des vêtements de son mari (husband). D'abord, elle met les jupes, et les pantalons. Au dessus (below), elle place ses chemises en soie (silk) et les T-shirts de son mari. Ils ne prennent pas beaucoup de vêtements car ils vont rester (stay) seulement une semaine. Manuel et sa sœur mettent leurs affaires dans leurs sacs à dos.

Aujourd'hui, Mme Lavigne prépare le déjeuner à 13h. Ils mangent vite et Mme Lavigne lave (wash) les vaisselles. Ensuite, elle range (arranges) la chambre et M. Lavigne ferme (closes) toutes les portes. Ils quittent (leave) la maison tôt pour arriver à la gare (station) en avance. Ils prennent un taxi car M. Lavigne ne veut pas conduire (drive).

(I) Dites vrai ou faux. [2.5]

- 1) M. Lavigne téléphone à son frère. _____
- 2) Mme Lavigne prépare une valise _____
- 3) Ils ne prennent pas beaucoup de vêtements. _____
- 4) Mme Lavigne ferme toutes les portes. _____
- 5) Ils prennent leur voiture _____

II) Cochez la bonne réponse. [2.5]

- a. Où M et Mme Lavigne vont-ils ?
- b. Ils vont rester pour combien de temps ?
- c. Pourquoi M. et Mme Lavigne quittent la maison tôt ?
- d. Pourquoi ils ne prennent pas beaucoup de vêtements ?
- e. Comment M. et Mme Lavigne arrive à la gare ?

2. Complétez avec la forme correcte du verbe connaître ou savoir : [2.5]

- a. Pierre et Luc _____ jouer aux échecs.
- b. Elle _____ quand il arrive ?
- c. Ils _____ un hôtel confortable dans les environs (surroundings).
- d. Vous _____ Sophie. Elle est formidable.
- e. Je _____ nager.

3. Complétez en utilisant les prépositions (à ou de) [2.5]

- 1) Il est _____ zaire.
- 2) Nous allons _____ pays- Bas.
- 3) Ma cousine va _____ Londres.
- 4) Il arrive _____ Athènes _____ Grèce.
- 5) Nous allons _____ France.

4. **Décrivez votre meilleure ami en 5 ligne:** [5]
5. **Accordez et placez les adjectifs:** [2.5]
- 1) C'est une rue. (long)
 - 2) Ma mere prépare des gateaux. (petit)
 - 3) C'est un homme. (indien)
 - 4) Je porte une robe. (jolie)
 - 5) Tu as des cheveux . (blancs)
6. **Mettez les verbes au passé composé.** [5]
- 1) Je (regarder) _____ le cinema hier soir.
 - 2) Nous (prendre) _____ un taxi aujourd'hui.
 - 3) Ils(parler) _____ pour le sénégal.
 - 4) Nous (manger) _____ un gateau.
 - 5) Elle (Écrire) _____ La lettre.
7. **Remplissez pars les conunctions:** [2½]
- 1) Il mange _____ il a faim.
 - 2) J'aime ma mère _____ mon père.
 - 3) Il mange _____ je arrive.
 - 4) _____ est mon livre?
 - 5) Tu veux café _____ thé.
8. **Récrivez en langage sms.** [2½]
- a) Bonjour, Comment çava.
 - b) Salut,Ça va bien merci.
 - c) Pourquoi tu es triste.
 - d) Bonsoir, À bientôt
 - e) Au Revoir
9. **Changez au adverbess :** [2½]
- 1) Facile -
 - 2) Poli -
 - 3) Rapide -
 - 4) Seul -
 - 5) Doux -
10. **Changez aux forme négatif :** [5]
- 1) J'ai vu quelque chose.
 - 2) Paul fait toujours la cuisine.
 - 3) Paul va encore a l'université.
 - 4) Paul a déjà 30 ans.
 - 5) Tu parle anglais.
11. **Répondez aux questions suivantes:** [5]
- 1) Qui est jean d'arc ?
 - 2) Combien de gare à France ?
 - 3) Écrivez les noms de train en france.
 - 4) Quelle est plus vite (fastest) train de france.
 - 5) Où a habite jean d'arc ?



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 90 Mintuts

Subject - German
Maximum Marks 40

1 So ein Pech! Tim Schließt die Augen und zieht die Bettdecke über den Kopf. Es ist Freitag, heute findet das große Fußballspiel statt. Das Finale! Seine Schule, die Sophie – Scholl – Schule, spielt gegen den Fugger – Gymnasium. Der absolute Klassiker, fast wie Borussia Dortmund gegen Bayern München!
Alles sind da: die Schüller, die Lehrer, sogar die Direktorin!
Aber er, Tim, der Kapitän, kann nicht mitspielen. Er muss zu Hause bleiben und im Bett liegen, weil er krank ist. Er hat eine starke Grippe, mit Fieber und Halsschmerzen. Dieser doofe April – Wetter! Seit zwei Wochen ist es bitterkalt. Es regnet und regnet. Am Dienstag hat ihn sein Team besucht. Sogar ihr Trainer der Lehrer Lutz, ist mitgekommen.
„Mensch, Tim, du musst gesund werden“, haben alle gesagt, „wir brauchen dich! Dich und deine Tore!“
Drei Tage hat er alles versucht: Medikamente genommen, Tee getrunken, geschlafen und geschlafen. Aber keine Chance: Er hat immer noch Fieber und muss die ganze Zeit husten. Heute, gerade heute! Wirklich schade! Sein großer Traum: Einmal das Finale spielen, vielleicht die Stadt – Pokal gewinnen. Tim sieht auf die Uhr. 17 Uhr, das Spiel muss schon zu Ende sein. Seine Freunde wollen ihm sofort berichten. Was ist los? Haben sie verloren und sind zu traurig für einen Anruf? Oder feiern sie den Sieg und haben ihn völlig vergessen?
Er muss das jetzt wissen. Er ruft Manuel an, das ist der Torwart und sein bester Freund.
„Hey, Tim, Wie geht’s dir? Schon besser?“
„Ja, ja, aber ... wie war das Spiel, Manuel? Sag schon!“
„Das Spiel? Ach so, das Spiel! Mensch, Tim, hat dich Herr Lutz nicht angerufen?“
„Nein, was ist denn los?“ Manuel lacht
„Also, das Spiel findet heute gar nicht statt. Das Wetter ist viel zu schlecht. Der Regen! Unser Fußballplatz ist wie ein See, er steht total unter Wasser. Aber es gibt schon einen neuen Termin...“
„Wann? Morgen? Übermorgen?“
„Nein, Tim, keine Sorge! Achtung, jetzt kommt die beste Nachricht: Das Spiel ist erst in zwei Wochen! Da bist du wieder gesund und kannst mitmachen. Und Tore schleißßen! Mindesten drei!“

A. Antworten die Frage:

- Was ist der Name von Tims Schule?
- Gegen wem spielt der die Sophie – Scholl – Schule?
- Wer sind da?
- Wer ist Manuel?
- Wer ist Herr Lutz?

1x5=5

	<p>B. Richtig oder falsch:</p> <p>a. Die Sophie – Scholl – Schule, spielt gegen den Fugger – Gymnasium.</p> <p>b. Manuel ist der Kapitän von die Sophie – Scholl – Schule.</p> <p>c. Tims großer Traum: Einmal das Finale spielen.</p> <p>d. Tim muss zu Hause bleiben und im Bett liegen, weil er krank ist.</p> <p>e. Seit zwei Wochen ist es sehr heiß. Es gibt kein regnet.</p>	1x5=5
2	<p>Lies die E-Mail und Schreib eine Antwort. Schreib ca. 40 Wörter:</p> <p>Lieber Ben, Wie geht's? Mir geht es endlich besser. Stell dir vor, meine Mutter besucht jetzt einen Yoga – Kurs. Sie will nämlich fit und gesund bleiben. Und noch etwas ... seit einem Monat ist sie Vegetarierin, also isst sie jetzt viel Salat, Obst und Gemüse. Aber ich mag kein Yoga. Ich treibe lieber Sport, also Fußball oder Schwimmen. Und du? Was machst du im Moment? Machst du Yoga oder treibst du lieber Sport? Bist du Vegetarier? Schreib mir bald!</p> <p>Viele Grüße Lukas</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Was machst du, um fit zu bleiben? • Treibst du gern Sport oder machst du Yoga? • Bist du Vegetarier/ Vegetarierin? • Was darf du essen oder nicht essen? 	5
3	<p>Wählen Sie das richtige Verb aus der Liste, und schreiben Sie es als Imperativ in die Lücke. Achten Sie auf die Verbform!</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> essen • gehen • haben • kaufen • lernen • reisen • öffnen • trinken </div> <p>i. Hast du Durst, Maria? Dann _____ Wasser, nicht Cola.</p> <p>ii. Herr Metz, die Tür ist verschlossen. _____ Sie bitte die Tür!</p> <p>iii. Kinder, Gemüse ist gesund. _____ eure Karotten!</p> <p>iv. Der neue James-Bond-Film ist aus. _____ wir heute Abend ins Kino!</p> <p>v. Mutti, das neue Harry-Potter-Buch ist hier. _____ es, bitte! Ich möchte es lesen.</p>	1x5=5
4	<p>Bau die Sätze:</p> <p>a. dem Jungen .Rad .gehört .das .</p> <p>b. Figur .der .Essen . zu viel .schadet .</p> <p>c. Den .Muskeln .hilft .Radfahren .</p> <p>d. hat .Lust .Lydia .keine . mehr.</p> <p>e. ist .nicht .leicht .wirklich .das .</p>	1x5=5

5	Ergänzen Sie das Personalpronomen! a. Ich gratuliere _____, Herr Braun. b. Er schickt _____, (Frau Müller) ein Telegramm. c. Wie geht es _____, Ralph? d. Ich zeige _____ (Karl) die Stadt. e. Geht es _____ (Erika) gut? f. Ich leihe _____ (Kinder) kein Geld. g. Geht es deinem Sohn gut? Ja, es geht _____ gut. h. Gibst du _____ (wir) einen Rat? i. Ich wünsche _____ alles Gute, Kinder. j. Die Mutter erklärt _____ (Lehrerin) das Problem.	.5x10=5										
6	Was passt zusammen: <table border="1" data-bbox="256 613 1214 1093"> <tr> <td data-bbox="256 613 730 680">i. Wie geht's Peter?</td> <td data-bbox="735 613 1214 680">a. Sie sind ungesund.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="256 689 730 757">ii. Was tut dir weh?</td> <td data-bbox="735 689 1214 757">b. Ich habe keinen Hunger.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="256 766 730 891">iii. Warum isst du keine Süßigkeiten?</td> <td data-bbox="735 766 1214 891">c. Nein, nicht mehr.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="256 900 730 967">iv. Warum isst du so wenig?</td> <td data-bbox="735 900 1214 967">d. Ihm geht ganz gut.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="256 976 730 1093">v. Hast du noch Bauchschmerzen?</td> <td data-bbox="735 976 1214 1093">e. Der Kopf.</td> </tr> </table>	i. Wie geht's Peter?	a. Sie sind ungesund.	ii. Was tut dir weh?	b. Ich habe keinen Hunger.	iii. Warum isst du keine Süßigkeiten?	c. Nein, nicht mehr.	iv. Warum isst du so wenig?	d. Ihm geht ganz gut.	v. Hast du noch Bauchschmerzen?	e. Der Kopf.	1x5=5
i. Wie geht's Peter?	a. Sie sind ungesund.											
ii. Was tut dir weh?	b. Ich habe keinen Hunger.											
iii. Warum isst du keine Süßigkeiten?	c. Nein, nicht mehr.											
iv. Warum isst du so wenig?	d. Ihm geht ganz gut.											
v. Hast du noch Bauchschmerzen?	e. Der Kopf.											
7	Stell Fragen: a. _____? - Ja, hier darf man nicht rauchen. b. _____? - Nein, hier man kann parken. c. _____? - Ihm geht es ganz gut. d. _____? - Ihr geht es schlecht. e. _____? - Mir tut der Bauch weh.	5										



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - General Knowledge
Maximum Marks - 50

1. The largest volcano in the solar system :
 - (a) Sputnik 1
 - (b) Olympus mons
 - (c) Apollo ll
 - (d) Neptune
2. Which country has won the most foreign language film Oscars?
 - (a) Italy
 - (b) Iraq
 - (c) Israel
 - (d) None
3. A renowned Trinidadian cricketer..
 - (a) Usain Bolt
 - (b) Pele
 - (c) Michael Jordan
 - (d) Brian Lara
4. A herbivore, is also known as a 'roof lizard'..
 - (a) Stegosaurus
 - (b) Caudipteryx
 - (c) Brachiosaurus
 - (d) None
5. Which country in the middle East become independent on 14th may 1948?
 - (a) Egypt
 - (b) UAE
 - (c) Saudi Arabia
 - (d) Israel
6. He proposed that the universe is expanding..
 - (a) Tim
 - (b) Edwin Hubble
 - (c) Franklin D Roosevelt
 - (d) None
7. A modest statement to draw attention to something one is proud of ..
 - (a) Frenemy
 - (b) hangry
 - (c) humblebrag
 - (d) None

8. Never in a years would she have guessed the birthday surprise..
- (a) Snacky
 - (b) Bajillion
 - (c) fat tax
 - (d) 3-D printing
9. large cactus has a spongy inner layer to evenly distribute moisture ..
- (a) Saguaro
 - (b) Fennec
 - (c) cactus
 - (d) addax
10. The currency of Switzerland is ..
- (a) Franc
 - (b) Euro
 - (c) Yen
 - (d) Real
11. Bank notes were first issued in Europe by in 1661 .
- (a) linen
 - (b) stockholms Banco
 - (c) tang
 - (d) Shilling
12. is decentralized digital money..
- (a) anas
 - (b) shilling
 - (c) crypto currency
 - (d) stockholms
13. The story of my life is written by ..
- (a) Michelle
 - (b) Helen keller
 - (c) Adof
 - (d) Sunil
14. Pen name of Mary Westmacott is ..
- (a) Agatha Christie
 - (b) Georges Remi
 - (c) Benjamin
 - (d) None
15. It is unsafe to swim in the river because of the sheer number of crocodiles
- (a) Rio Tarcoles
 - (b) Boiling Lake
 - (c) Yangtze river
 - (d) Rio Tinto

16. means the world's largest cashew tree ..
- (a) Kauri
 - (b) Pirangi
 - (c) Jaboticaba
 - (d) Boojum
17. The tree is said to be thousands of years old and is found in the rainforest of Australia..
- (a) Poland
 - (b) Banyan
 - (c) Walking trees
 - (d) None
18. Who was the first Woman Air Marshal of the Indian Air force..
- (a) Padma Bandopadhyay
 - (b) Viven Suri
 - (c) Rena Katari
 - (d) None
19. A degenerative disease :
- (a) Asthma
 - (b) Osteoarthritis
 - (c) Measles
 - (d) Diptheria
20. A first-hand account of the experiences of a European in the Empire of the Mongol leader Kublai Khan
- (a) Guevara
 - (b) Il Milione by Marco Polo
 - (c) Safarnama by Nasir
 - (d) Travel in the UK by Bryson
21. The palace is a fortress of the Moorish monarchs..
- (a) Alhambra
 - (b) Guggenheim
 - (c) Palm
 - (d) Aquatic centre
22. Which animal is the state emblem of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands?
- (a) Wild bear
 - (b) Dugong
 - (c) leopard
 - (d) None
23. City of lakes is..
- (a) Udaipur
 - (b) Jodhpur
 - (c) Surat
 - (d) Dibrugarh

24. Name the tallest active volcano in Italy Europe ..
- (a) Etna
 - (b) Pinatubo
 - (c) Toba
 - (d) Barren Island
25. Name the ancient volcano in Indonesia which exploded around 71,000 years ago..
- (a) Mt Toba
 - (b) Mt Etna
 - (c) Mt Pelee
 - (d) Mt Ruiz
26. Which mountain in the Philippines spewed cloud of ash ..
- (a) Mt Pinatubo
 - (b) Mt Tambora
 - (c) Mt Krakatoa
 - (d) Mt Agung
27. Manchester of India..
- (a) Jamshedpur
 - (b) Ahmedabad
 - (c) Nagpur
 - (d) Udaipur
28. How did the British view the Andaman and Nicobar Islands during their rule?
- (a) as an opportunity
 - (b) as a penal colony
 - (c) as a tourist destination
 - (d) as setting of a new town
29. Name the volcano which gives a chance to scientists to observe the life cycle from birth to extinction.
- (a) Paricutin
 - (b) Great Barrier Reef
 - (c) Guanabara Bay
 - (d) Mt Everest
30. Who developed the style of painting which looked like cubes?
- (a) Pablo Picasso
 - (b) Claude Monet
 - (c) Linbourg
 - (d) Fresco
31. Which metal is found in chlorophyll?
- (a) Gold
 - (b) Copper
 - (c) Magnesium
 - (d) None

32. Who was the first Mughal emperor of India?
- (a) Chandragupta II
 - (b) Babar
 - (c) Lord Canning
 - (d) Ibrahim Lodi
33. The idea of the constitution of India was first of all given by whom?
- (a) MN Roy
 - (b) Dr Rajendra Prasad
 - (c) Dr Bhimrao
 - (d) GVMavalankar
34. Which player was selected as the best male footballer of AIFF for the year 2021-2022?
- (a) Sunil Chhetri
 - (b) Dhoni
 - (c) Virat Kohli
 - (d) None
35. The method of separating a mixture of sugar and salt is called?
- (a) Sublimation
 - (b) Crystallization
 - (c) Distillation
 - (d) Redox
36. Senior IAS officer Amit Agarwal has been appointed as the CEO of which statutory authority?
- (a) UIDAI
 - (b) UDAI
 - (c) DAUI
 - (d) None
37. NATO exercise 'Air defender 2023' was hosted by which country?
- (a) China
 - (b) Germany
 - (c) Canada
 - (d) None
38. Who bag best actors award at International Indian film academy award IIFA 2023?
- (a) Kareena Kapoor and Sharukh Khan
 - (b) Hrithik Roshan and Alia Bhatt
 - (c) Saif Ali Khan and Kajol
 - (d) None of the above
39. Who won the 'Sangita Kalanidhi award 2023'?
- (a) Bombay Jayashri
 - (b) Calcutta
 - (c) Mumbai
 - (d) None

40. "2023 International childhood cancer day" was observed on which date ?
- (a) 23rd January
 - (b) 20th February
 - (c) 15th February
 - (d) None
41. Which state government close all the bars operating in the state under new liquor policy ..
- (a) Madhya Pradesh
 - (b) Uttar Pradesh
 - (c) Andhra Pradesh
 - (d) None
42. Which company launched a mobile showroom named 'Anubhav', to target rural customers?
- (a) Maruti motors
 - (b) Tata motors
 - (c) Hyundai motor
 - (d) None
43. Which Indian state cabinet decided the formation of 13 new districts?
- (a) Assam
 - (b) Punjab
 - (c) Karnataka
 - (d) Andhra Pradesh
44. Raj walks 80 ms towards south. Then, turns to his right and starts working Straight till he completes another 80 ms .Then, again turning to his left he walks for 60 metres.He then turns to his left and walks for 80 metres. How far is he from his initial position?
- (a) 100 m
 - (b) 140 m
 - (c) 20 m
 - (d) None
45. One morning after sunrise, Amit was standing facing a pole.The shadow of the pole was forming on the left side. Which direction was Amit facing ?
- (a) East
 - (b) West
 - (c) North
 - (d) South
46. Who received the Richard Dawkins awards 2020?
- (a) Javed Akhtar
 - (b) Pankaj udas
 - (c) Jagjit Singh
 - (d) None
47. What is the ratio of 10 m to 10 km ?
- (a) 1 : 1,000
 - (b) 1:500
 - (c) 10000:000
 - (d) None

48. What is another word for 'precarious'?
- (a) secure
 - (b) exalted
 - (c) uncertain
 - (d) important
49. What word is the opposite of 'counterfeit'?
- (a) fraudulent
 - (b) cheat
 - (c) deceit
 - (d) genuine
50. Who declared so defiantly "I will publish, right or wrong, fools are my theme, let satire be my song".
- (a) Lord Byron
 - (b) Tennyson
 - (c) John Donne
 - (d) Alexander Pope
-



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 3 Hour

Subject - Hindi
Maximum Marks- 80

- निर्देश –(i) इस प्रश्न पत्र के चार खंड हैं – खंड क,ख,ग और घ ।
(ii) चारों खंडों के प्रश्नों का उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।
(iii) यथासंभव प्रत्येक खंड के उत्तर अपने शब्दों में दीजिए।

खण्ड 'क'

प्रश्न 1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर इसके आधार पर सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त उत्तर वाले विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए:- (1X5=5)

(क) प्रेमचंद पवित्र उद्देश्य को पाने के लिए साधनों की पवित्रता में विश्वास करते थे। इनकी रचनाओं के प्रमुख पात्र इसी आदर्श को मानने वाले होते थे। उन्होंने ग्रामीण जीवन को बड़े निकट से देखा था। इसी कारण उनकी रचनाओं में ग्राम्य जीवन साकार हो उठा। प्रेमचंद ने अपनी रचनाओं में निम्न वर्ग और मध्यम वर्ग का चित्रण अधिक किया है। 'गोदान' उपन्यास पढ़ने से ऐसा प्रतीत होता है, जैसे ये घटनाएँ हमारे आस-पास ही घटित हो रही हैं।

प्रेमचंद के साहित्य में सामाजिक समस्याओं का सुंदर चित्रण मिलता है। इन्होंने अपनी रचनाओं में मनोरंजन के अतिरिक्त देश, समाज और परिवार की ज्वलंत समस्याओं को हमारे सामने रखा है। उनके उपन्यासों का केंद्र सामाजिक जीवन ही है।

- (i) प्रेमचंद ने अपनी रचनाओं में किस वर्ग का चित्रण अधिक किया है?
(क) मध्यम वर्ग का
(ख) उच्च वर्ग का
(ग) निम्न और मध्यम वर्ग का
(घ) शिक्षित वर्ग का
- (ii) प्रेमचंद के उपन्यासों का केंद्र क्या है?
(क) राजनीतिक जीवन
(ख) पारिवारिक जीवन
(ग) सामाजिक जीवन
(घ) विदेशी जीवन
- (iii) प्रेमचंद द्वारा रचित उपन्यास निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा है?
(क) गौरा
(ख) गोदान
(ग) मैला आँचल
(घ) तमस

(iv) प्रेमचंद ने किस प्रकार के जीवन को निकट से देखा था?

- (क) शहरी जीवन को
- (ख) ग्राम्य जीवन को
- (ग) विदेशी जीवन को
- (घ) राजनीतिक जीवन को

(v) 'प्रेमचंद की रचनाओं का मुख्य उद्देश्य मनोरंजन ही करना है।' वाक्य के लिए सही विकल्प छाँटे—

- (क) पूर्णतः सही है
- (ख) पूर्णतः गलत है
- (ग) (क), (ख) दोनों सही
- (घ) कोई नहीं

(ख) रामकृष्ण परमहंस का जन्म बंगाल में हुआ था। वह ज्यादा विद्वान तो नहीं थे, पर बड़े समझदार थे। वे बचपन से ही बहुत पवित्र विचारों के थे। जैसे-जैसे वह बड़े हुए, वैसे-वैसे समझाने लगे कि ईश्वर हर वक्त उनके पास है। रामकृष्ण परमहंस कोलकाता के एक छोटे से मंदिर में पुजारी थे और बड़ा सादा जीवन बिताते थे। वह सभी जातियों तथा धर्मों के लोगों की इज्जत करते थे। कई बार तो वह अछूतों के साथ खाना भी खाते थे। उनका विश्वास था कि सभी धर्म एक ही सत्य की शिक्षा देते हैं। भारत के प्राचीन ऋषियों की तरह वह भी कहा करते थे कि "ईश्वर एक है, केवल विद्वान लोग उसका नाम अलग-अलग रख देते हैं।" वह जाति के ब्राह्मण थे, लेकिन समय-समय पर मुसलमानों और ईसाइयों की तरह भी रहे थे। इन धर्मों की बातें भी वह अच्छी तरह समझते थे। उनका जीवन इतना अच्छा और उनकी बातें भी इतनी अच्छी थी कि वह संत माने जाने लगे।

(i) रामकृष्ण परमहंस कौन थे?

- (क) कोलकाता के एक छोटे से मंदिर के पुजारी
- (ख) ऋषियों के गुरु
- (ग) उपर्युक्त दोनों
- (घ) समाजसेवी चिकित्सक

(ii) रामकृष्ण परमहंस को संत क्यों माना जाने लगा?

- (क) क्योंकि उनका जीवन तथा बातें बहुत अच्छी थी
- (ख) क्योंकि वे पुजारी थे
- (ग) क्योंकि उन्होंने अपना घर छोड़ दिया था
- (घ) क्योंकि वे तांत्रिक थे

(iii) रामकृष्ण परमहंस अन्य ऋषियों की तरह क्या कहा करते थे?

- (क) सबका मालिक मैं हूँ
- (ख) ईश्वर एक है
- (ग) सब कुछ नश्वर है
- (घ) प्रत्येक जीव अमर है

(iv) दूसरे धर्मों के प्रति रामकृष्ण परमहंस का क्या विचार था?

- (क) सभी धर्म अपनी बड़ाई करते हैं
- (ख) सभी धर्मों का लक्ष्य एक नहीं है
- (ग) सभी धर्म में पूजा अनिवार्य है
- (घ) सभी धर्म एक ही सत्य की शिक्षा देते हैं

- (v) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश का सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त शीर्षक क्या होगा?
 (क) सनातन धर्म
 (ख) धर्म का मूल
 (ग) रामकृष्ण परमहंस
 (घ) भारतीय संस्कृति के वाहक संत

खण्ड 'ख' (व्यावहारिक व्याकरण) (20)

प्रश्न 2.

- (क) पत्र और अखबार भाषा के किस रूप के अंतर्गत आएगा? (1)
 (ख) देवनागरी लिपि किस ओर से लिखी जाती है? (1)
 (ग) ह्रस्व वर्ण कौन – कौन से है? (केवल संख्या लिखें)। (1)
 (घ) दिए गए शब्दों में उचित स्थान पर अनुस्वार का प्रयोग करें – (1)
 कलक, अतर
 (ङ) दिए गए शब्दों में उचित स्थान पर अनुनासिक का प्रयोग करें– (1)
 कुआ, साखिया

प्रश्न 3.

- (क) दिए गए वाक्यों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ते हुए रेखांकित कारक चिह्नों के आधार पर उसके भेद बताएँ (3)
 (i) राम ने रावण को मारा ।
 (ii) मैं विद्यालय से घर गया ।
 (iii) वह स्कूल बस से विद्यालय गया ।
 (ख) दिए गए शब्द के दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखें – (2)
 ईश्वर या कपड़ा
 (ग) दिए गए शब्दों का उचित विलोम शब्द लिखें – (2)
 ऐच्छिक, आर्द्र
 (घ) प्रस्तुत शब्द में उपसर्ग और मूल शब्द छाँटे – (2)
 आदान, सरस
 (ङ) रचना के आधार पर शब्द के भेद बताएँ – (2)
 प्रधानमंत्री, बस्ता, त्रिनेत्र, नीलकण्ठ

प्रश्न 4.

- (क) दिए गए अनेक शब्दों के लिए वाक्यांश लिखें – (2)
 तप करने वाला, जहाँ जाना कठिन हो
 (ख) दिए गए अर्थ के लिए उचित मुहावरे का प्रयोग करें – (2)
 कपटी मित्र, बहुत परिश्रम करना

खण्ड 'ग'

प्रश्न 5. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें –

(1X5=5)

- (क) लाख की चूड़ियों का व्यापार कौन करता था?
 (ख) लेखक कुल कितने मित्रों के साथ बस से यात्रा कर रहे थे?
 (ग) 'भगवान' के डाकिए' पाठ के कवि का उपनाम लिखें।
 (घ) लेखक ने गलती से कितने रूपए ज्यादा दे दिए थे?
 (ङ) गो – रस की हानि किसके – किसके कारण हो रही थी?

प्रश्न 6. निम्नलिखित दीर्घ उत्तरीय प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें –

(2X4=8)

- (क) मनिहार के दुख का क्या कारण था?
(ख) कवि ने अपने आने को 'उल्लास' और जाने को 'आँसू' बनकर बह जाना क्यों कहा है?
(ग) लेखक ने पठित पाठ में निराश न होने की सीख दी है, कैसे? उदाहरणों द्वारा स्पष्ट करें।
(घ) कृष्ण अपनी माता से शिकायत करते हुए क्या – क्या कहते हैं?

प्रश्न 7. निम्नलिखित दीर्घ उत्तरीय प्रश्नों के उत्तर अपने शब्दों में लिखें –

(3X3=9)

- (क) बस को 'डाकिन' की संज्ञा क्यों दी गई?
(ख) 'भगवान के डाकिए' पाठ में डाकिया किसे कहा गया और क्यों?
(ग) गोपियाँ यशोदा से क्या – क्या शिकायत कर रही हैं?

प्रश्न 8. (i) निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर निम्नांकित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें – (1X4=4)

हम भिखमंगों की दुनिया में
स्वच्छंद लुटाकर प्यार चले,
हम एक निसानी – सी उर पर,
ले असफलता का भार चले।

- (क) प्रस्तुत पंक्तियाँ किस पाठ से ली गई हैं?
(ख) प्रस्तुत कवितांश के कवि कौन हैं?
(ग) 'ले असफलता का भार' से क्या तात्पर्य है?
(घ) 'उर' शब्द का अर्थ लिखें।

(ii) पठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर निम्नांकित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें—

(1X4=4)

" यह बहुत गलती हो गई थी। आपने भी नहीं देखा, मैंने भी नहीं देखा।" उसके चेहरे पर विचित्र संतोष की गरिमा थी। मैं चकित रह गया।

- (क) प्रस्तुत पंक्तियाँ किस पाठ से उद्धृत हैं?
(ख) "यह बहुत गलती हो गई थी ———"कथन किसका है?
(ग) गलती करने वाले के चेहरे पर संतोष की गरिमा का क्या कारण था?
(घ) 'मैं' चकित रह गया। 'यहाँ' 'मैं' किसके लिए प्रयुक्त हुआ है?

प्रश्न 9. मधुकलश आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें—

(2X5=10)

- (क) बहू के आने से पहले लकड़हारा और उसके बेटे अपना पेट कैसे भरते थे?
(ख) प्रो.मिश्रा के नाम की घोषणा क्यों हुई? उन्होंने इसका श्रेय किसे दिया?
(ग) संन्यासी ने राजकुमार को क्या शिक्षा दी है?
(घ) रिटायर होने के उपरांत पापा की दिनचर्या में क्या परिवर्तन आ गए थे?
(ङ) प्रेमचंद की सबसे बड़ी विशेषता/महानता क्या बताई गई है?

प्रश्न 10. किसी एक विषय पर अनुच्छेद लिखें। (शब्द – सीमा 100 से 120)

(5)

(क) मेरी आदर्श माँ

संकेत:

- माँ का जीवन
- शिक्षक की भूमिका
- त्याग की मूर्ति

(ख) मेरे प्रिय रचनाकार

संकेत:

- जीवन परिचय
- रचना संसार
- महत्त्वपूर्ण अवदान/पुरस्कार

(ग) शिक्षा

संकेत:

- अर्थ,
- उद्देश्य
- लाभ

प्रश्न 11. प्रधानाचार्य को छात्रवृत्ति के लिए प्रार्थना पत्र लिखें।

(5)

या

नगर निगम अधिकारी को पत्र लिखकर शहर के स्वच्छ रख – रखाव संबंधी सुझाव दें।



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - HPE
Maximum Marks- 50

General Instructions:-

1. The question paper consists of 50 objective questions.
 2. All questions are compulsory.
 3. All questions carrying one mark (1×50 =50)
-

1. Which country won the title of “Asian Kabaddi” championship 2023 ?
 - (a) Iran
 - (b) India
 - (c) Bangladesh
 - (d) Nepal
2. In a game of Kabaddi which of the following is allowed for the raider?
 - (a) Go across the centre line.
 - (b) Touch opponents
 - (c) Tackle defenders
 - (d) All of these
3. Which country won the title of FIFA Women’s World Cup 2023?
 - (a) Spain
 - (b) England
 - (c) Germany
 - (d) France
4. When was the Pro Kabaddi League Launched ?
 - (a) 2002
 - (b) 2004
 - (c) 2012
 - (d) 2014
5. Which nation will host the FIFA World Cup 2026?
 - (a) Abu Dhabi, Dubai
 - (b) France and Germany
 - (c) USA, Canada, and Mexico
 - (d) India, Pakistan and Nepal
6. How many playing members are there in Kabaddi in one team?
 - (a) 8
 - (b) 7
 - (c) 12
 - (d) 14

7. Which country won U-19 Womens Cricket World Cup 2023 ?
 - (a) Australia
 - (b) England
 - (c) South Africa
 - (d) India
8. India won how many medals in world Archery youth championship 2023?
 - (a) 10
 - (b) 12
 - (c) 11
 - (d) 14
9. Who has been appointed as the Brand Ambassador of ICC World Cup 2023 ?
 - (a) Shahrukh Khan
 - (b) Sachin Tendulkar
 - (c) Ameer Khan
 - (d) Akshay Kumar
10. How many medals India won in Asian Athletics Championship 2023?
 - (a) 20
 - (b) 22
 - (c) 27
 - (d) 30
11. How many times India won Womens T20 world cup ?
 - (a) 3
 - (b) 2
 - (c) 4
 - (d) 1
12. Who is the current Indian Football Team (Men's) Captain?
 - (a) Gurpreet Singh
 - (b) Sunil chhetri
 - (c) Sandesh Jhingan
 - (d) Gostha Pal
13. When was Kabaddi started in India _____
 - (a) 1935
 - (b) 1938
 - (c) 1933
 - (d) 1939
14. Where is Narendra Modi Stadium is situated?
 - (a) West Bengal
 - (b) Kerala
 - (c) Gujarat
 - (d) Hyderabad

15. Which country won FIH Hockey pro league _____
- (a) France
 - (b) Denmark
 - (c) UK
 - (d) Nether land
16. Which country won FIFA U-20 World cup 2023 ?
- (a) India
 - (b) Labnon
 - (c) France
 - (d) Uruguay
17. Which country won Men's Hockey Junior Asia championship title 2023?
- (a) India
 - (b) France
 - (c) Pakistan
 - (d) Iran
18. In which year Kabaddi was introduced for the first time in the National Games of India ?
- (a) 1938
 - (b) 1939
 - (c) 1940
 - (d) 1941
19. Who won the title of Formula E World Championship Race ____
- (a) Jean Eric Vergne
 - (b) Max Verstappen
 - (c) Isaac
 - (d) L Hamilton
20. Who is the Captain of Indian Women T20 cricket team :-
- (a) Bhawna Gupta
 - (b) Smriti Mandhrna
 - (c) Harmanpreet Kaur
 - (d) Mithali Raj
21. International Kabaddi Fedration formed in ?
- (a) 2003
 - (b) 2004
 - (c) 2005
 - (d) 2006
22. "Deepak Niwas Hooda" is associated with which sports ?
- (a) Football
 - (b) Cricket
 - (c) Kabaddi
 - (d) Hockey

23. FIFA is the global regulatory body of which sports ?
- (a) Hockey
 - (b) Cricket
 - (c) Football
 - (d) Lawn Tennis
24. Length of Kabaddi Court (mens) ?
- (a) 10
 - (b) 11
 - (c) 12
 - (d) 13
25. Who won Men's single title Wimbledon Championship 2023?
- (a) N Djolovic
 - (b) Wany Koolhof
 - (c) Carlos Alcaror
 - (d) Rafael Nadal
26. What is the length and breadth of "Kabaddi Court" for men's?
- (a) 14 x 10 meters
 - (b) 14 x 11 meters
 - (c) 13 x 10 meters
 - (d) None of the these
27. What is the rank of India in FIFA Men's Ranking _____ ?
- (a) 70
 - (b) 99
 - (c) 80
 - (d) 109
28. How many offensive and defensive skills are there in Kabaddi Game ?
- (a) 2
 - (b) 3
 - (c) 9
 - (d) 4
29. The term 'baulk line' is related to which game ?
- (a) Football
 - (b) Basketball
 - (c) Kabaddi
 - (d) Throw Ball
30. The game of Kabaddi was originated from which sports?
- (a) Cricket
 - (b) Wrestling
 - (c) Boxing
 - (d) Baseball

31. Neeraj Chopra is associated with which sports/game?
- (a) Boxing
 - (b) Athletics
 - (c) Cricket
 - (d) Football
32. Which state organized mens Hockey World Cup tournament 2023 ?
- (a) Jharkhand
 - (b) Punjab
 - (c) Odisha
 - (d) Uttar Pradesh
33. Which countries National Game is Kabaddi ?
- (a) Bangladesh
 - (b) India
 - (c) China
 - (d) Pakistan
34. Which country has won maximum times World Cup in Football?
- (a) Brazil
 - (b) Italy
 - (c) Germany
 - (d) USA
35. Who won the men's Hockey World Cup 2023 ?
- (a) Germany
 - (b) Belgium
 - (c) Netherland
 - (d) Australia
36. How many team members are there in each side of Kabaddi match ?
- (a) 5
 - (b) 6
 - (c) 7
 - (d) 11
37. The term "mule kick" is associated with which sports ?
- (a) Karate
 - (b) Judo
 - (c) Kabaddi
 - (d) Football
38. Which is the highest governing body of " Kabaddi" ?
- (a) International Kabaddi Association
 - (b) International Kabaddi Federation
 - (c) International Kabaddi Council
 - (d) None of the above

39. Which state is famous for Kabaddi ?
- (a) Punjab
 - (b) Haryana
 - (c) Orissa
 - (d) Maharashtra
40. How many basic rules are there in Kabaddi ?
- (a) 4
 - (b) 5
 - (c) 6
 - (d) 7
41. Who become Second Fastest ever to score 9000 test runs ?
- (a) Rohit Sharma
 - (b) Virat Kohli
 - (c) Steve Sonita
 - (d) K L Rahul
42. What is the distance of Baulk line to Bonus line for men's in Kabaddi?
- (a) 1.5m
 - (b) 1m
 - (c) 2m
 - (d) 1.7m
43. Who has been selected as the first women president of Indian Olympic Association (IOA)?
- (a) Marry Kom
 - (b) Anju Bobby George
 - (c) P.T. Usha
 - (d) Karnam Malleshwari
44. What is the distance of Bonus line to End line for men's in Kabaddi?
- (a) 1.5m
 - (b) 1m
 - (c) 2m
 - (d) 1.75m
45. What is the dimension of playfield of kabaddi for Women and Junior ?
- (a) 12x10m
 - (b) 12x9m
 - (c) 11x8m
 - (d) 12x7m
46. What is the duration of match for men's in Kabaddi?
- (a) 15m each
 - (b) 20m each
 - (c) 30m each
 - (d) None of these

47. What is the distance from centre line to baulk line for men's ?
- (a) 3.75m
 - (b) 2.75m
 - (c) 4.75
 - (d) 3.70m
48. The Kabaddi Federation in India was founded in _____ ?
- (a) 1950
 - (b) 1951
 - (c) 1961
 - (d) 1912
49. National Sports Day is celebrated on 29th August every year on the birth anniversary of -
- _____
- (a) Dara Singh
 - (b) Milkha Singh
 - (c) Major Dhayan Chand
 - (d) Mansoor Ali Khan Pataudi
50. Which city host the 'Khelo India Dus ka Dum Tournament' 2023 ?
- (a) Mumbai
 - (b) New Delhi
 - (c) Orissa
 - (d) Pune
-



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL
SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time -90 Minutes

Subject - Japanese
Maximum Marks- 40

1. Write the following words in Kanji and make a sentence by using that Kanji. {4}
- 1) つき
 - 2) みず
 - 3) いぬ
 - 4) かわ
2. Make a sentence by using the following Katakana words and write the meaning of the sentence in English. {5}
- 1) アニメ
 - 2) チョコレート
 - 3) スマートフォン
 - 4) テレビ
 - 5) クラスメイト
3. Write the complete sentence with the correct option. {5}
- 1) せんしゅうの日曜日、スーパーマーケットに () 。
(行きます／行きました)
 - 2) かぞくでしんせきのいえに () 。 (行った／来ました)
 - 3) いっしょにはなみに () 。 (行こう／おきる)
 - 4) らいげつ、バンガロールに () 。 (行きます／行った)
 - 5) いっしょにはなみをみに () 。 (いこう／くる)
 - 6) きのう、なんじに () ? (おきる／おきた)
 - 7) きょう、なんじにいえに () 。 (かえる／かえた)
 - 8) らいげつ、あたらしいバイクを () 。 (かいます／かった)
 - 9) けさ、チャパティとダルを () 。 (たべる／たべた)
 - 10) きのう6じにがっこうに () 。 (行きました／行きます)

4. Write the days of the week in Japanese (Kanji & Hiragana). {2}

5. Write the 1-10 numbers in Kanji. {2}

6. Change the following verbs in the given form in Japanese. {4}

- 1) to get up Polite Past (Negative)
- 2) to go Polite Past (Negative)
- 3) to play Polite Past (Negative)
- 4) to return Polite Past (Negative)
- 5) to do Polite Past (Positive)
- 6) to see Polite Past (Positive)
- 7) to reach Polite Past (Positive)
- 8) to eat Polite Past (Positive)

7. Answer any three of the following questions in Japanese. {3}

- 1) にほんごで “Excuse me.” はなんといいますか？
- 2) せんせいにあやまるときなんといいますか？
- 3) にほんでオフィスをでるときなんといいますか？
- 4) にほんごとえいご、どちらのほうがむずかしいとおもいますか？
- 5) にほんごのじゅぎょうについて、どうおもいますか？

8. Translate any three of the following Japanese sentences in English. {3}

- 1) テストはかんたんだったよ。
- 2) つぎのテストは、えいごじゃなかったよね？
- 3) このもんだいはかんたんじゃないの？
- 4) ランチえきは、わたしのいえのはんたいがわにあります。
- 5) にほんごではごはんをたべるまえに「いただきます」といいます。

9. Translate any three of the following sentences in Japanese. {3}

- 1) Yesterday's weather was very good.
- 2) I will go to watch a movie on Saturday.
- 3) Japanese class is very interesting.
- 4) Tomorrow is a holiday. After eating breakfast, I will go to play cricket with my friends.
- 5) Yesterday, I woke up at 5 o'clock early in the morning.

10. Write the meaning of underlined Kanji.

{2}

- 1) ソファの上に本があります。
- 2) かいだんの下にスペースがあります。
- 3) かばんの中にペンがあります。
- 4) わたしのかばんはたなの一番下にあります。

11. Write an essay on "My holiday plan" and "My City" in Japanese (Hiragana / Katakana / Kanji).

{3}

12. Read the given passage and answer the following questions in Japanese.

{4}

きのうは9月17日、日曜日でした。雨でした。きょうも雨です。
あさねぼうしました。あさねぼうしないように、きょうははやくねます。
あしたははれるとおもいます。だから、こうえんに行くよていです。
らいしゅうは休みです。月よう日は、デリーにともだちにあいにいきます。
金よう日は、うちにかえります。

- 1) あさねぼうしないようになにをしますか。
- 2) らいしゅうの月よう日は、なにをするつもりですか？
- 3) あしたはなんようびですか？
- 4) きょうのてんきはどうですか？



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 3 Hours

Subject - Mathematics
Maximum Marks - 80

General Instructions:

1. This question paper has 5 Section A-E.
2. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each.
3. Section B has 5 questions carrying 2 marks each.
4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 3 marks each.
5. Section D has 4 questions carrying 5 marks each.
6. Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with subparts of the values 1,1 and 2 marks each respectively.
7. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 questions of 5marks,2 questions of 3 marks and 2 questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2marks questions of Section E.
8. Draw neat figures wherever required .

SECTION -A (1 mark)

1. The reciprocal of $-\frac{3}{8} \times (-\frac{7}{13})$ is
(a) $\frac{104}{21}$ (b) $\frac{-104}{21}$ (c) $\frac{21}{104}$ (d) $\frac{-21}{104}$
2. $3 + \frac{5}{-7}$
(a) $\frac{-16}{7}$ (b) $\frac{16}{7}$ (c) $\frac{-26}{7}$ (d) $\frac{-6}{7}$
3. $3(x+3) = x - 5$
(a) 7 (b) -7 (c) 14 (d) -14
4. $2y + \frac{5}{3} = \frac{26}{3} - y$, then y is
(a) 1 (b) $\frac{2}{3}$ (c) $\frac{6}{5}$ (d) $\frac{7}{3}$
5. $\frac{x^2+4}{3x^2+7} = \frac{1}{2}$, value of x is
(a) 2 (b) 4 (c) 1 (d) 3

6. A die is thrown. What is the probability of getting a number not more than 5?
 (a) $\frac{1}{6}$ (b) $\frac{5}{6}$ (c) $\frac{1}{3}$ (d) $\frac{2}{3}$
7. Listed below are the temperature in °Celsius for 10 days -6,-8,0,3,2,0,1,5,4,4
 What is the range of the data?
 (a) 8°C (b) 13°C (c) 10°C (d) 12°C
8. Which of the following is not a perfect square ?
 (a) 361 (b) 1156 (c) 1128 (d) 1681
9. How many natural numbers lie between 18^2 and 19^2 ?
 (a) 30 (b) 37 (c) 35 (d) 36
10. The value of $\sqrt{248 + \sqrt{52 + \sqrt{144}}}$ is
 (a) 14 (b) 12 (c) 16 (d) 13
11. $\sqrt[3]{\frac{-512}{729}} =$
 (a) $\frac{-7}{9}$ (b) $\frac{-8}{9}$ (c) $\frac{7}{9}$ (d) $\frac{8}{9}$
12. $(0.8)^3 =$
 (a) 51.2 (b) 5.12 (c) 0.512 (d) 51200
13. The number of 3-digit perfect cubes are
 (a) 5 (b) 6 (c) 7 (d) 8
14. 6.5 when expressed as percent is
 (a) 65% (b) 650% (c) 6.5% (d) .65%
15. The price of watch including 10% VAT is Rs. 825. What is its basic price?
 (a) Rs 742.50 (b) Rs 775 (c) Rs 750 (d) Rs 907.50
16. In what time will Rs.800 amount to Rs.882 at 5% per annum compounded annually?
 (a) 1 year (b) $1\frac{1}{2}$ years (c) 2 years (d) $2\frac{1}{2}$ years
17. The value of $(-2)^{-5}$ is
 (a) -32 (b) $-\frac{1}{32}$ (c) 32 (d) $\frac{1}{32}$
18. The value of $\left[\left\{ \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \right\}^{-2} \right]^{-1}$ is
 (a) $\frac{1}{16}$ (b) 16 (c) $\frac{-1}{16}$ (d) -16

DIRECTION:

In the question number 19 and 20, a statement of assertion (A) is followed by a statement of reason (R). Choose the correct option.

19. **Statement A** (Assertion): The angles of quadrilateral are in the ratio 1:2:3:4. The smallest angle is 36° .

Statement R (Reason): Sum of the angles of a quadrilateral is 360° .

- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.

20. **Statement A** (Assertion): Two adjacent angles of a parallelogram are $(5x - 5)^\circ$ and $(10x + 35)^\circ$. The ratio of these angles is 2:3.

Statement R (Reason): Adjacent angles of a parallelogram are supplementary.

- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.

SECTION-B (2 marks)

21. Solve: $\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{x+2} = \frac{2}{x+10}$

OR

$$\frac{(1-2x)}{7} - \frac{(2-3x)}{8} = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{x}{4}$$

22. Determine the number of sides of a polygon whose exterior and interior angles are in the ratio 1:5.

23. Find the single discount which is equivalent to two successive discounts of 20% and 10%.

OR

Anaya bought an air cooler for Rs.3300 including a tax of 10%. Find the price of the air cooler before VAT was added.

24. If $x = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 \times \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{-4}$, find the value of x^{-2}

25. Evaluate: $\frac{3^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 125}{5^{-7} \times 6^{-5}}$

OR

Evaluate: $\left(\frac{x^a}{x^b}\right)^c \times \left(\frac{x^b}{x^c}\right)^a \times \left(\frac{x^c}{x^a}\right)^b$

SECTION-C (3 marks)

26. Find: $\frac{3}{7} + \left(\frac{-6}{11}\right) + \left(\frac{-8}{21}\right) + \left(\frac{5}{22}\right)$

27. The diagonals of a rhombus are perpendicular bisectors of each other. Prove.

OR

The diagonals of rectangle ABCD intersect at O. If $\angle BOC = 68^\circ$, find $\angle ODA$.

28. On a particular day, the sales (in rupees) of different items of a Baker's shop are given below. Draw the pie chart for the data.

Ordinary bread	320
Fruit bread	80
Cakes and pastries	160
Biscuits	120
Others	40
Total	720

OR

Find the probability that a leap year selected at random will contain 53 Sundays.

29. Find the least square number exactly divisible by 8, 12, 15 and 20.

30. A shopkeeper allows a discount of 10% to his customers and still gains 20%. Find the marked price of an article which costs Rs. 450 to the shopkeeper.

31. The size of a red blood cell is 0.000007 m and the size of a plant cell is 0.00001275 m. Compare these two.

SECTION-D (5 marks)

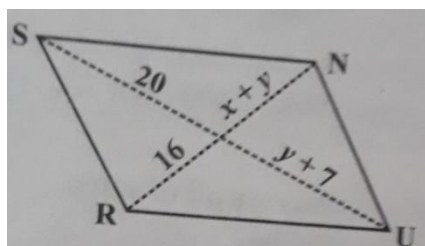
32. Verify distributive property of multiplication over addition for rational numbers. $\frac{-2}{3}$, $\frac{-4}{6}$ and $\frac{-7}{9}$

33. In a quadrilateral ABCD, AO and BO are the bisectors of $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ respectively. Prove that $\angle AOB = \frac{1}{2}(\angle C + \angle D)$

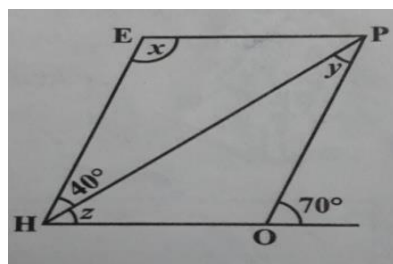
OR

The following figures RUNS and HOPE are parallelograms. Find x , y and z . Give properties you use.

(i)



(ii)



34. Find the square root of 2304 and 1764 and hence find the value of $\frac{\sqrt{0.2304} + \sqrt{0.1764}}{\sqrt{0.2304} - \sqrt{0.1764}}$

35. (a) The volume of a cubical boxes 474.552 cubic metres. Find the length of each side of the box.
 (b) Three numbers are in the ratio 2:3:4. The sum of their cubes is 33957. Find the numbers.

SECTION-E (1+1+2=4 marks)

36. Radha takes some flowers in a basket and visits three temples one by one. At each temple, she offers one half of the flowers from the basket. At the end she is left with three flowers. Then find:



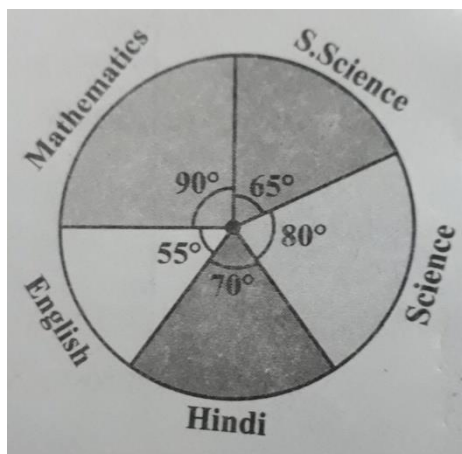
- (i) How many flowers did she have in the beginning?

OR

How many flowers did she offer in the three temples in all?

- (ii) How many flowers did she offer in the first temple?
 (iii) How many flowers did she offer in the second Temple?

37. The following pie chart gives the marks scored in an examination by a student in various subjects. If the total marks obtained by the student were 540, answer the following questions.



- In which subject did the student a score 105 marks?
- How many marks were obtained by the student in science?
- How many more marks were obtained by the student in mathematics than in Hindi?

OR

Find whether the marks obtained in Social science and mathematics is more than that in Science and Hindi.

38. 10000 workers were employed to construct a river bridge in four years. At the end of first year, 10% workers were retrenched. At the end of second year, 5% of the workers at that time were retrenched. However to complete the project in time, the number of workers was increased by 10% at the end of the third year. Now answer the following questions:



1. Find the number of workers removed at the end of first year.
2. Find the number of workers working during the second year.
3. Find the number of workers working during the third year.

OR

Find the number of workers working during the fourth year.



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - Sanskrit
Maximum Marks- 40

खण्ड - 'क'

प्रश्न 1. अधोलिखितम् गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत :-

जाड्यं धियो हरति सिञ्चति वाचि सत्यम्;
मानोन्नतिं दिशति पापमपाकरोति।
चेतः प्रसादयति दिक्षु तनोति कीर्तिम्
सत्संगतिः कथय किं न करोति पुंसाम्।।

(क) एकपदेन उत्तरत :-

(1/2x2=1)

(i) 'जाड्यं धियो हरति' अत्र क्रियापदम् किम् ?

(ii) सत्संगतिः वाचि किम् सिञ्चति ?

(ख) एकवाक्येन उत्तरत :-

(1x2=2)

(i) सत्संगतिः पापम् किम् करोति ?

(ii) सत्संगतिः कुत्र कीर्तिम् तनोति ?

(ग) उचितं विकल्पं चिनुत :-

(1/2x4=2)

(i) 'सिञ्चति' अत्र कः लकारः प्रयुक्तः?

(अ) लट् (ब) लृट् (स) लङ् (द) लोट्

(ii) 'सत्संगतिः' अत्र का विभक्तिः प्रयुक्ता?

(अ) प्रथमा (ब) द्वितीया (स) तृतीया (द) चतुर्थी

(iii) 'पुण्यम्' इति पदस्य कः विपरीत - शब्दः अत्र प्रयुक्तः?

(अ) जाड्यं (ब) सत्यम् (स) पुंसाम् (द) पापम्

(iv) 'तनोति' अत्र किम् वचनम् अत्र प्रयुक्तं ?

(अ) एकवचनम् (ब) द्विवचनम् (स) बहुवचनम् (द) अन्यवचनम्

प्रश्न 2. अधोलिखितम् गद्यांशं पठित्वा निर्देशानुसारं प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत :-

अस्माकं देशः विशालः अद्भुतश्चास्ति। अस्मिन् देशे नाना संस्कृतयः, भाषाः, धर्माः, बहुपरंपराश्च वर्तन्ते।
अत्र सिक्खः, जैनः, बौद्धः, हिन्दु - पारसी - मुस्लिमाः सर्वे सम्मिल्य निवसन्ति। भारतवर्षे ते स्व - स्व अनेकानि
पर्वाणि सोल्लासं निर्भयं च सम्मानयन्ति। अतएव भारतवर्षे पर्वणां देशः कथ्यते।

(क) एकपदेन उत्तरं लिखत :-

(1/2x2=1)

(i) भारतवर्षे केषां देशः कथ्यते?

(ii) अस्माकं देशः कीदृशः अस्ति?

(ख) एकवाक्येन उत्तरत :-

(1x2=2)

(i) अस्मिन् देशे काः वर्तन्ते?

(ii) अत्र के सम्मिल्य निवसन्ति ?

(ग) उचितं विकल्पं चिनुत :-

(1/2x4=2)

(i) 'अस्ति' अत्र कः लकारः प्रयुक्तः?

(अ) लट् (ब) लृट् (स) लङ् (द) लोट्

(ii) 'सम्मानयन्ति' अत्र किम् वचनम् प्रयुक्तं?

(अ) एकवचनं (ब) द्विवचनं (स) बहुवचनं (द) अन्यवचनं

(iii) 'मिलित्वा' इति पदस्य कः अन्यः पर्यायः अत्र प्रयुक्तः?

(अ) सम्मिल्य (ब) भारतवर्षे (स) पर्वणां (द) न कोऽपि

(iii) 'पर्वणां' अत्र का विभक्तिः प्रयुक्ता?

(अ) पंचमी (ब) षष्ठी (स) सप्तमी (द) संबोधन

खण्ड - 'ख'

प्रश्न 3. अधोलिखित - वाक्यानां संस्कृते अनुवादं कुरुत:-

(1x5=5)

- (क) वह पढ़ने के लिए स्कूल जाती है।
(ख) बालिका खाकर सोती है।
(ग) बन्दर केला छोड़कर भागा
(घ) वह विद्यालय से आकर घर का कार्य करती है।
(ङ) सत्संगति चित्त को प्रसन्न करती है।

खण्ड - 'ग'

प्रश्न 4. अधोलिखितपदानां समानार्थिपदान् लिखत :-

(1/2x4=2)

- (क) मृगेन्द्र : = -----
(ख) गह्वरी : = -----
(ग) मारयिष्यामि : = -----
(घ) खलु = -----

प्रश्न 5. अधोलिखितपदानां विलोमपदानि लिखत :-

(1/2x4=2)

<u>पदानि</u>		<u>विलोमपदानि</u>
(क) यदा	=	-----
(ख) दीर्घः	=	-----
(ग) नवीनः	=	-----
(घ) दूरम्	=	-----

प्रश्न 6. अधोलिखितपदानां विभक्तिं वचनं च लिखत :-

(1/2x4=2)

<u>पदानि</u>		<u>विभक्तिः</u>	<u>वचनं</u>
(क) करीणाम्	=	-----	-----
(ख) मृगात्	=	-----	-----

प्रश्न 7. श्लोकांशान् मेलयत :-

(1/2x4=2)

क
(क) विचरति आकाशे न तु वायुयानम्
(ख) तवाप्यस्ति ममाप्यस्ति
(ग) युधिष्ठिरः कस्य वै पुत्रः
(घ) स्वच्छन्दगामी न च नारदोऽपि

ख
गङ्गा वहति कीदृशी
सीतावियोगी न च रामचन्द्रः
मांसभोजी न च मृगाधिराजः
यदि जानासि तद्वद

प्रश्न 8. घटनाक्रमानुसारेण वाक्यानि लिखत :-

(1/2x4=2)

(क) गुहायां निलीय सिंहः अचिन्तयत् ।
(ख) एकस्मिन् वने तीक्ष्णनखः नाम सिंहः प्रतिवसति स्म ।
(ग) किञ्चित् समयानन्तरं तद्गुहारस्वामी श्रृगालः तत्रागतः ।
(घ) इत्थं मम भोजनस्य व्यवस्था भविष्यति ।

प्रश्न 9. रेखांकितपदानाम् त्रुटि निवारणं कृत्वा वाक्यानि शुद्धानि कुरुत:-

(1/2x2=1)

(क) सीमान्तिनीषु कः श्रेष्ठास्ति ।
(ख) बलवन्तं शीतम् न वाधति ।

प्रश्न 10. उपपदविभक्तिं प्रयोगं कुरुत:-

(1/2x4=2)

(क) ----- परितः वृक्षाः सन्ति । (ग्राम)
(ख) सीता ----- सह वनं गता । (राम)
(ग) अलम् ----- । (विवाद)
(घ) ----- उभयतः वृक्षाः सन्ति । (मार्ग)

प्रश्न 11. सन्धिं संधिविच्छेदं वा कुरुत:-

(1/2x6=3)

(क) देव + इन्द्रः = -----
(ख) राधा + इच्छा = -----
(ग) ----- + आदिः = इत्यादि
(घ) वधू + ----- = वध्वाज्ञा
(ङ) देव + ऋषिः = -----
(च) विद्या + आलयः = -----

प्रश्न 12. रेखांकितानि पदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरुत:-

(1x3=3)

(क) भारतं पर्वाणां देशः कथ्यते ।
(ख) दुर्व्यसनानि सर्वथा त्याज्यानि ।
(ग) रामचन्द्रः लंकापतिं रावणं हतवान् ।

प्रश्न 13. शब्दरूपाणि लिखत:-

(1/2x6=3)

(क) साधुना -----
(ख) केन काभ्याम् -----
(ग) कया काभ्याम् -----
(ग) मतिः मती -----
(घ) साधवे साधुभ्याम् -----

प्रश्न 14. धातुरूपाणि लिखत :-

(1/2x6=3)

(क) पश्यामि ----- पश्यामः
(ख) अस्ति -----
(ग) अभवत् अभवताम् -----
(ग) द्रक्ष्यति द्रक्ष्यतः -----
(घ) ----- भवेताम् भवेयुः



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL
SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 3 Hours

Subject - Science
Maximum Marks - 80

PHYSICS

1. Which one of the following forces is a contact force- [1]
(a) force of gravity.
(b) force of friction
(c) magnetic force.
(d) electrostatic force
2. Whenever the surfaces in contact tend to move or move with respect to each other, the force of friction comes into play- [1]
(a) only if the objects are solid.
(b) only if one of the two objects is liquid.
(c) only if one of the two objects is gaseous.
(d) irrespective of whether the objects are solid, liquid or gaseous.
3. **ASSERTION:** The voices of children and adults are different. [1]
REASON: This happens because the frequency of a child's voice is lower than the adult.
(a) Assertion and reason both are correct statements and reason is correct explanation for assertion.
(b) Assertion and reason both are correct statements but reason is not correct explanation for assertion.
(c) Assertion is correct statement but reason is wrong statement.
(d) Assertion is wrong statement but reason is correct statement.
4. Which force is responsible for downward movement of a parachutes? Will he come down with the same speed without the parachute? [1]
5. Two blocks of iron of different masses are kept on a cemented floor as shown in given figure, Which one of them would require a larger force to move it from the rest position and why? [1]



6. A force of 100 N is applied on an area of 4 m². Compute pressure being applied on the area. How pressure force is related to area of the surface? [2]

7. Define frictional force. What are the factors affecting friction? [2]
8. How do lubricants help to reduce friction? Explain [2]
9. A pendulum oscillates 40 times in 4 seconds. Calculate its time period and frequency. Can we hear the sound produced by the oscillation of this pendulum? Give reason for your answer. [2]
10. (a) A force of 15 kgf produces acceleration of 5 m/s^2 on a body of mass 'm' kg . Find the value of 'm' .
 (b) What are the effects of force on an object? List any three effects . [3]
11. (i) You spill A bucket of soapy water on a marble floor accidentally. Would it make easier or more difficult for you to walk on the floor? Why? [3]
 (ii) Why do sports men wear shoes with spikes?
12. (i) What is the property of vibration which determines the pitch of the sound? [3]
 (ii) The string of a musical instrument was first plucked with a force of smaller magnitude and then with a force of greater magnitude. In which case would the instrument produce a louder sound and why?
 (iii) Differentiate between louder sound and softer sound graphically.
13. (A) (i) Describe an activity to show that sound need a material medium for its propagation.
 (ii) what is the range of hearing of human ear?
 (iii) Write any two uses of ultra- sonic sound. [5]

OR

- (B) (i) Describe An activity to show equal pressure is exerted at the same depth. [5]
 (ii) A swimming pool of width 9.0 m and length 24.0 m is filled with water to a depth of 3.0 m. Calculate pressure on the bottom of the pool due to the water.
 Density of water =1000. kg/m^3

CHEMISTRY

SECTION A

[1x5]

1. CuSO_4 solution should not be stored in _____ pot
- i. Fe ii. Cu iii. Ag iv. Mg
- (a) i
 (b) ii
 (c) ii & iii
 (d) i & iv
2. Metals are said to be _____ in nature as they have the ability to loose electrons
- (a) electronegative
 (b) electropositive
 (c) neutral
 (d) none

3. _____ is a nonmetal which is stored in water.
- (a) Potassium
 - (b) Phosphorus
 - (c) Sulphur
 - (d) none of the above.
4. **Assertion:** Zoo is a natural resource.
Reason: The resources that exist naturally without any effort from human beings are called natural sources.
- (a) Assertion is correct and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (b) Assertion is correct and reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (c) Assertion is correct and reason is wrong.
 - (d) Assertion is wrong and reason is correct.
5. Under _____ and _____ dead plants get slowly converted into fossil fuel.
- (a) Low temperature and high pressure
 - (b) High temperature and low pressure
 - (c) High temperature and high pressure
 - (d) None of the above.

SECTION B

[2x4=8]

6. (a) $i. ZnSO_4 + Mg \rightarrow MgSO_4 + Zn$
Name the most reactive and least reactive metal from the above reaction.
- (b) Name the type of reaction occurring above .
7. (a) Why do the old copper taps turn greenish blue on prolong exposure to air ?
- (b) Complete the equation
- $$SO_2 + H_2O \rightarrow$$
8. (a) Why is it not advisable to store pickle in an aluminium utensil?
- (b) Name two important physical properties of metals to be used for jewelry making.
9. (a) What is 'Black Diamond' ?
- (b) Enumerate the threat to Taj Mahal due to air pollution.

SECTION C

[3x3=9]

10. (a) What colour change will a aqueous solution of a non-metal oxide show with the litmus paper?
- (b) Identify the cat ion present in Na_2SO_4 and $CaCO_3$.
 - (c) Give one use of chlorine and nitrogen.
11. (a) What are isotopes?
- (b) Can rusting of iron nail take place when it is immersed in distilled water which has a layer of oil on it? Explain why?
 - (c) Give the chemical formulae for Calcium chloride and Magnesium hydroxide.
12. (a) Suggest difference between exhaustible and inexhaustible natural resource. Give one example of each.
- (b) Name the petroleum product used for metaling the roads

SECTION D

[5x1=5]

13. (a) Draw a well labelled figure of Petroleum and natural gas deposits.
(b) Name the various fractions obtained by refining of petroleum.
(c) Name two states of India which are rich in natural gas.

OR

13. (a) What is PCRA and give one of its tips ?
(b) What is coke ? Give one of its use.
(c) Draw a well labelled diagram for destructive distillation of coal and label all the products .

BIOLOGY

1. Study the following table and select the correct option for P,Q,R and S.

[1]

Disease	Causative Organism	Mode of transmission
Chicken pox	Virus	P
Q	Bacterium	Water/Food
Malaria	R	Mosquito
S	virus	Water

- (a) P- Air/ contact ; Q- Cholera ; R- Protozoa; S- Hepatitis A
(b) P- Mosquito; Q- Measels; R-Fungi; S-Polio
(c) P- Water; Q- Polio; R- Protozoan; S- Hepatitis A
(d) P- Air; Q- Typhoid; R- Fungi; S- Measels

2. Given below are two statements, one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason [1]

Assertion (A)- The exploitation of natural resources in a national park is strictly prohibited.

Reason (R)- The human activities such as mining, hunting and fishing are allowed inside a national park.

Select the correct answer from the options given below.

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of the assertion A
(b) Both A and R are true but R is **NOT** the correct explanation of the assertion A
(c) A is true but R is false
(d) A is false but R is true

II. Answer in one sentence: -

[1x2=2]

3. What is a leveller ? Mention any two importance of levelling.
4. What is biodiversity?

III. Short answer type I questions: -

5. (a) Mention any two methods through which nutrients are replenished in the soil. [1+1=2]
(b) How does modern method of irrigation differ from traditional method of irrigation?
6. (a) State one unique feature of the biodiversity found in Pachmarhi Biosphere Reserve. [1+1=2]
(b) Mention the aim of the Forest (conservation) Act.
7. (a) Suggest (i)a rabi and (ii)a kharif crop which will help to replenish the soil with nitrogen. [1+1=2]
(b) Explain the effects of excessive use of fertilizers on (i) soil and (ii) plant growth
8. The species P and Q of wild animals are found exclusively in a 'particular area'. And the species

R of wild animals are listed in Red Data Book of India.

[0.5+0.5+1=2]

- (a) What name is given to species like P and Q?
- (b) What are the species like R known as?
- (c) Write one point of difference between wildlife sanctuary and zoo .

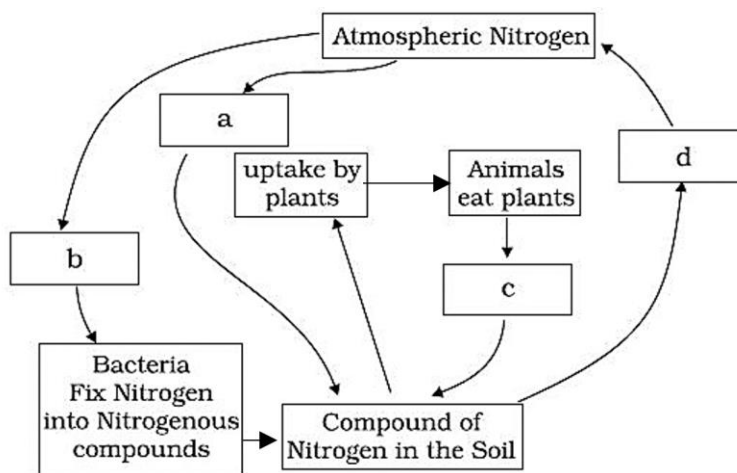
IV. Short answer type II questions: -

9. Give reasons for the following: -

[1+1+1=3]

- (a) Sowing seeds with a seed drill is much better than sowing by hand.
- (b) Earthworms are called farmers friend.
- (c) Food grains must be sun dried before storing.

10. (a) Complete the following flowchart representing the Nitrogen cycle by filling the blanks a, b, c and d. (Do not copy the flowchart in the answer sheet) [2+1=3]



(b) What are biological nitrogen fixers?

11. (a) Overgrazing leads to desertification ?Justify with a scientific reason.

[1+1+1=3]

- (b) Why are endemic species in great danger of becoming extinct?
- (c) How are even small animals important in an ecosystem?

V. Very long answer-type questions: -

[2+1+1+1=5]

12. (a) How does disease like common cold spread?

- (b) Write any two methods to prevent the spread of communicable diseases.
- (c) Polio drops are not given to children suffering from loose motion. Why?
- (d) Name the causative organism of the following animal disease.

- (i) Foot and mouth
- (ii) Anthrax

OR

(a) Bread mould is a fungus which commonly grows on bread . Draw a diagram of bread mould and label any two parts of it.

(b) Why a small amount of curd is added to the milk before setting the curd?

(c) We often find dead organic matter lying on the ground ,but later they disappear How?

(d) How can sugar act as a preservative for jams , jellies and squashes?



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 3 Hours

Subject - Social Science
Maximum Marks- 80

HISTORY

I. Choose the correct option

(1×6=6)

- 1) Who was the last viceroy of India?
 - A. Lord Canning
 - B. Lord Mountbatten
 - C. Lord Ripon
 - D. Lord Linlithgow
- 2) "A History of British India" was written by?
 - A. Nicholas louis
 - B. Clive loyd
 - C. James Mill
 - D. John Henry
- 3) Which Governor General started the Policy of Paramountcy?
 - A. Lord Wellington
 - B. Lord Lytton
 - C. Lord Benedict
 - D. Lord Hastings
- 4) Battle of Buxar was fought in?
 - A. 1764
 - B. 1765
 - C. 1746
 - D. 1756
- 5) Haidar Ali was the ruler of?
 - A. Banglore
 - B. Mysore
 - C. Chittore
 - D. Jhansi
- 6) What is Bigha?
 - A. Unit of temperature
 - B. Unit of land
 - C. Unit of capacity
 - D. Unit of light

II. VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS;

(2×2=4)

- 1) How did the powers of tribal chiefs change under colonial rule?
- 2) Explain two reasons for the tribal uprising in the 19th century.

III. SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS;

(3×3=9)

- 1) Why do we associate history with dates?
- 2) In what ways did the British change the policies as a result of the rebellion of 1857?
- 3) Mention the reasons behind the discontent of the Indian sepoys employed in the company?

IV. LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS;

- 1) What were the circumstances which led to the eventual collapse of indigo production in Bengal? Explain any 5 points. (5)

V. SOURCE BASED;

1) Read the source given below carefully and answer the question that follows (1+1+2=4)

Many ruling families tried to negotiate with the Company to protect their interests. For example, Rani Laxmibai of Jhansi wanted to recognise her adopted son as the heir to the kingdom after the death of her husband. Nana Saheb, the adopted son of Peshwa Baji Rao II, pleaded that he be given his father's pension when the latter died. However, the Company, confident of its superiority and military powers, turned down these pleas.

- 1.1. What was the demand of Rani Laxmibai of Jhansi that was refused by the British? (1)
- 1.2. What objections did the sepoys have to the new cartridges that they were asked to use? (1)
- 1.3. Why did the British turn down the pleas of the local rulers (2)

CIVICS

I. Choose the correct option

(1×5=5)

- 1) Which word among the following really mean 'to force someone to do something'?
 - A. Coercion
 - B. Intervene
 - C. Interpret
 - D. None of these
- 2) EVM was used throughout the country for the first time in;
 - A. 2004
 - B. 2003
 - C. 2005
 - D. 2006
- 3) Who looks after sanitary conditions of the country?
 - A. Home minister
 - B. Health minister
 - C. Prime minister
 - D. Ministry of sanitation

4) When did Jallianwala Bagh massacre took place?

- A. 13 April 1919
- B. 19 April 1919
- C. 15 April 1919
- D. 30 April 1919

5) What is the full form of PIL?

- A. Public interest litigation
- B. Public interest limited
- C. Public interference limited
- D. None of these

II. VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

(2×2=4)

- 1) Explain the cultural and educational rights.
- 2) Explain Federalism.

III. SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

(3×2=6)

- 1) Why do we need strong opposition in a democracy
- 2) What is coalition government?

IV. LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS

(1×5=5)

- 1) Why PIL is a significant step in ensuring access to justice for all?

V. SOURCE BASED QUESTIONS

1) Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

(1+1+2+=4)

It is often believed that it was the British colonialists who introduced the rule of law in India. Historians have disputed this claim on several grounds, two of which include: first that colonial law was arbitrary, and second that the Indian nationalists played a prominent role in the development of the legal sphere in British India. One example of the arbitrariness that continued to exist as part of British law is Sedition Act of 1870. The idea of Sedition was very broadly understood within this Act. Any person protesting or criticising the British government could be arrested without due trial.

Another example of British arbitrariness was the Rowlatt Act which allowed the British government to imprison people without due trial. Indian nationalists including Mahatma Gandhi were vehement in their opposition to the Rowlatt bills. Despite the large number of protests, the Rowlatt Act came into effect on 10th March 1919. In Punjab, protests against this Act continued quite actively and on April 10 two leaders of the movement, Dr.Satyapal and Dr SaifuddinKitchlew were arrested. To protest these arrests, a public meeting was held on 13 April at JallianwalaBagh in Amritsar. General Dyer entered the park with his troops. They closed the only exit and without giving any warning General Dyer ordered the troops to fire. Several hundreds of people died in this gunfire and many more were wounded including women and children.

History provides us with several examples of people and communities who have struggled to end unjust laws. Rosa Parks, an African- American woman, refused to give up her seat on a bus to a white man on 1st December 1955. She was protesting the law on segregation that divided up all public spaces, including the streets, between the whites and the African- Americans. Her

refusal was a key event that marked the start of the Civil Rights Movement, which led to the Civil Rights Act in 1964, which prohibited discrimination on the basis of race, religion or national origin in the USA.

1. Which two leaders were arrested in Punjab for protesting against Rowlatt Act?
 - A. Dr Saif uddin Kitchlew & Dr.Satyapal
 - B. Lala Lajpat Rai & Lala Hardayal
 - C. Dr Saifuddin Kitchlew & Hardayalm
 - D. Dr Satyapal & Lala Lajpat Rai
2. Name the British official who entered Jallianwala Bagh along with his troops and opened fire on the gathering.
 - A. General Dyer
 - B. General Hastings
 - C. General Cornwallis
 - D. General Harding
3. How can you say that the Sedition and Rowlatt Acts were arbitrary?

GEOGRAPHY

I. Choose the correct option:

(1x5=5)

1. What kind of resource is technology?
 - A. Human Resource
 - B. Renewable Resource
 - C. Non-renewable resource
 - D. Human made resource
2. Which one of the following resources stock can be affected due to careless use?
 - A. Geothermal Energy
 - B. Solar Energy
 - C. Forest
 - D. Tidal Energy
3. Match the following and choose the correct option given below:

Soil Conservation Methods	Characteristics
a. Mulching	(i) Different crops are grown in alternate rows
b. Shelter belts	(ii) Rocks are piled up to slow down the flow of water
c. Intercropping	(iii) Rows of trees are planted to check the wind movement
d. Rock Dam	(iv) It helps to retain moisture

Options:

- A. a-iv, b-iii, c-ii, d-i
- B. a-ii, b-iii, c-iv, d-i
- C. a-ii, b-iv, c-i, d-iii
- D. a-iv, b-iii, c-i, d-ii

4. What is the full form of CITES?
- A. The Convention on International Trade in Endemic Species of Wild Fauna and Flora
 - B. The Convention on International Trade in Extinct Species of Wild Fauna and Flora
 - C. The Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora
 - D. None of the above
5. The first four most populous countries of the world are
- A. China, India, Brazil, Indonesia
 - B. China, India, USA, Indonesia
 - C. China, India, USA, Brazil
 - D. China, India, USA, Nigeria

II. Answer the following question in very short: (2x1=2)

1. Mention any two ways by which an individual can contribute in resource conservation.

III. Answer the following questions in short: (3x3=9)

1. A. What is a resource? (1+2= 3)
B. Differentiate between renewable and non-renewable resources. Write two points of each.
2. Why is land considered an important resource? Mention any two physical factors as well as two human factors which determine the use of land.
3. "An uneven distribution of population suggests a close relationship between population and social, cultural and economic factors ". Explain the statement.

IV. Answer the following question in detail: (5x1=5)

1. Interpret five factors of soil formation.

OR

Explain any three causes of forest fire and any two measures to control it.

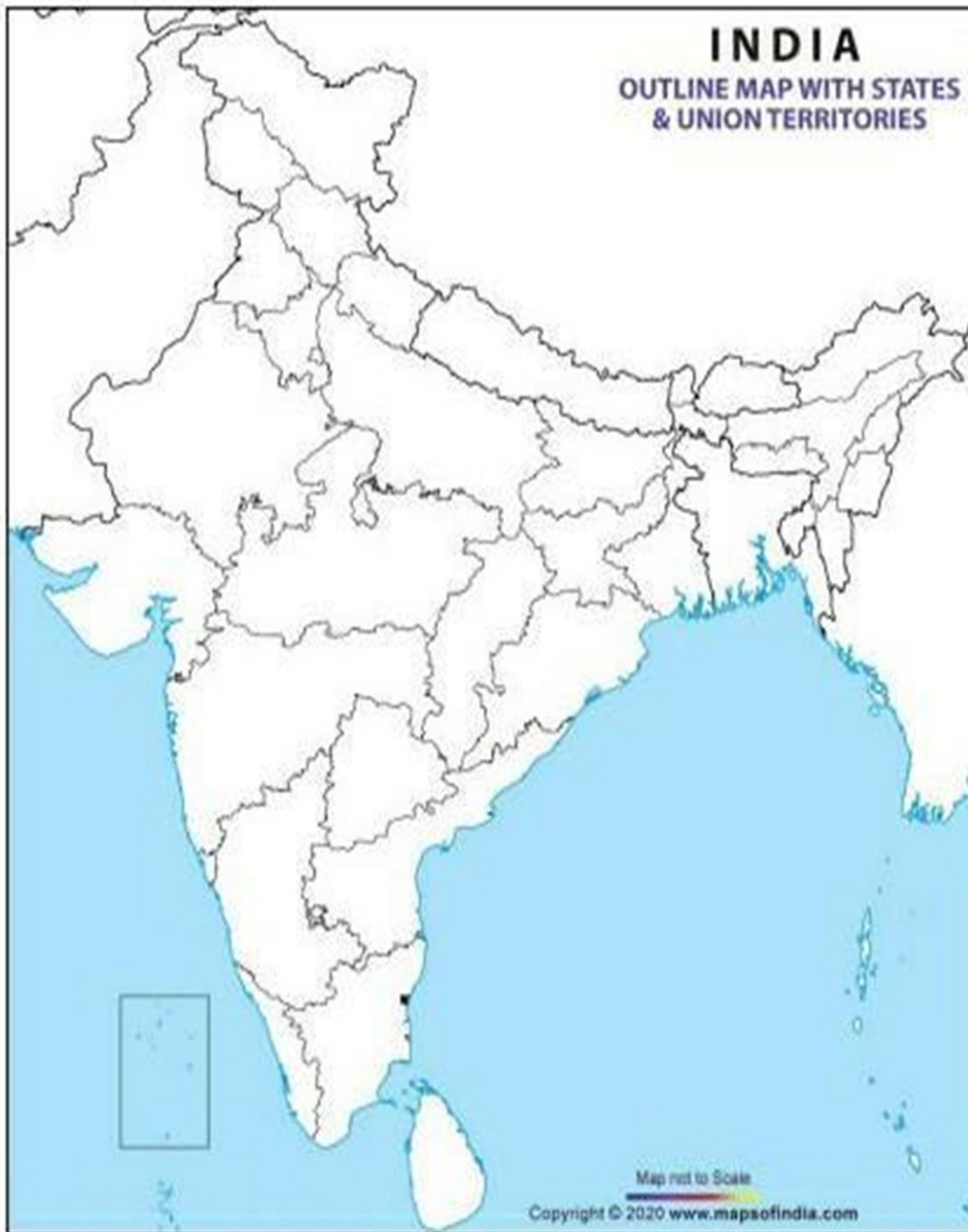
V. Read the given source and answer the following questions: (4)

Births and deaths are the natural causes of population change. The difference between the birth rate and death rate of a country is called natural growth rate. The population increase in the world is mainly due to rapid increase in natural growth rate. Migration is another way by which population size changes. People may move within a country or between countries. Countries like the United States of America and Australia have gained in-numbers by in-migration. Sudan is an example of a country that has experienced a loss in population numbers due to out-migration.

1. What is natural growth rate? 1
2. Differentiate between Immigration and Emigration. 1
3. What is the general trend of international migration? Why is this trend found? 2

VI. Locate and label the following on the political map of India: (3)

- A. Area-wise smallest state
- B. The state having lowest population density
- C. The state having highest literacy rate





DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - Spanish
Maximum Marks- 40


- All answers must be written in sentences, not in words.
Marks will be deducted half if written in a word.

1. Lee el texto y contesta a las preguntas :-

[5]

La leyenda del arco iris

Hace mucho tiempo, en la selva verde esmeralda, vivían siete mariposas preciosas. Cada una tenía su color: rojo, naranja, amarillo, verde, azul, añil y violeta. Siempre volaban juntas entre las flores y parecían una nube de colores. Pero un día, la amarilla se lastimó con la espina de una rosa y ya no pudo volar con sus amigas. La herida era mortal. Volaron hasta el cielo y pidieron a los dioses no tener que separarse. Una voz profunda salió de las nubes y les preguntó: "¿Estáis dispuestas a dar vuestras vidas para seguir siempre juntas?" Todas contestaron: "Sí, estamos". En ese momento, fuertes vientos cruzaron el cielo, las nubes se volvieron negras, la lluvia y los rayos formaron una tormenta muy fuerte. Un remolino envolvió a las siete mariposas y las llevó por encima de las nubes. Una hora después la tormenta acabó, brilló el sol y en el cielo apareció el arco iris con sus siete colores y en ellos las almas de las siete hermosas mariposas amigas.



- Escribe tres palabras relacionadas con las plantas.
- Escribe dos sinónimos de "bonitas"
- Cinco palabras relacionadas con el tiempo atmosférico.
- ¿Qué les preguntó una voz profunda de las nubes?
- ¿Qué contestaron las siete mariposas de la pregunta de la voz de las nubes?

2. Traduce las frases de inglés a español:

[4]

- What new subjects do you have this year?
- Yesterday I went to the market.
- I prefer history.
- I like the teacher of mathematics.

3. Completa con la forma adecuada de pretérito indefinido

[2]

- de los verbos irregulares (estar, hacer y venir)
- Ayer (hacer, yo) un examen de español.
 - Miguel y César (estar) ayer en casa de Paloma.
 - Los chicos (hacer) muchas excursiones el verano pasado.
 - Los padres de Miguel (venir) a Madrid hace tres años.

4. Usa "acabar de + infinitivo" para hacer las frases :- [2]
a. Nosotros (acabar de comer) una tarta.
b. Los futbolistas (acabar de entrenar) para la final.
c. El médico (acabar de empezar) la operación.
d. Tú (acabar de romper) el vaso.
5. Corrige las frases incorrectas según pronombre posesivo o adjetivo posesivo :- (mi, tu, su,) [1]
a. Te voy a enseñar mia casa.
b. Antonio vendió suyo cuadro por 500 euros.
6. Completa con la forma del pretérito imperfecto de Ser o Ir :- [2.5]
a. Vivíamos en esta casa cuando yo un niño.
b. El año pasado (yo) todos los días al parque.
c. Ellos los mejores en la escuela.
d. Siempre juntos a clase cuando estudiábamos.
e. Cuando (ellas) pequeñas a esta escuela.
7. Completa las frases con la palabra adecuada :- [2.5]
(nadie, ningún, ninguna, no, nada, nunca)
a. En mi clase, conocía el origen del chocolate.
b. recuerdo la fecha de tu cumpleaños.
c. He buscado en internet pero no he encontrado.....
d. Tengo que estudiar todo el mes; no tengodía libre.
e. El sábado vamos al colegio.
8. Pon las frases en imperativo : [3]
a. Hay que dormir ocho horas. (usted)
b. No hay que recomendar malas películas. (tú)
c. Hay que hablar en una voz poca más alta. (usted)
9. ¿Cómo se dicen estas fechas? [2]
a. 14-09-2023
b. 12-10-1492
10. Haz frases con el nombre de lugar y profesión con que y donde. [2]
a. Restaurante -
Camarero -
b. Biblioteca -
Bibliotecario -
11. Completa las frases con el SE impersonal [2]
a. En India (hablar) hindi mucho.
b. Los nombres de personas y países con mayúscula
12. Usa expresiones de lugar correctamente [1]
a. Mi casa está (in front of) del un banco.
b. Mi escuela está (At the right side) un gran edificio.
13. Escribe diez frases para presentarte. [5]
14. Escribe conjugación de los verbos abajos [6]
a. Estar, Tener, Hacer (pretérito indefinido)
b. Hablar, Ser, Ir (pretérito imperfecto)



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-24)

Class - VIII
Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - Computer Science
Maximum Marks - 50

General Instructions:

Read the following Instructions carefully before answering the question paper.

1. There are a total of 50 questions in the paper. Each question carries one mark.
 2. There is no negative marking.
 3. Each question has four options and only one of them is correct.
 4. Choose only one correct option for the next 50 questions.
-

1. _____ is also known as node.
 - a. Work station
 - b. Server
 - c. Hub
 - d. Switch
2. _____ Device helps to connect to different networks of Same protocol
 - a. Switch
 - b. Gateway
 - c. Hub
 - d. Bridge
3. This is a device which is used to connect to different networks of different protocols mainly joining two different WAN
 - a. Bridge
 - b. Gateway
 - c. Hub
 - d. Server
4. Optical fibres can get you A bandwidth of _____gigahertz and transmission rate up to 10 Gbps.
 - a. 20
 - b. 100
 - c. 10
 - d. 64
5. Ethernet cable was created by
 - a. Robert McAfee
 - b. Robert Downey Jr
 - c. Robert Metcalfe
 - d. Robert Thatcher

6. "A network engineer suggested that the client Should install CAT 8 cable to make his network faster." The network engineer is talking about what type of cable?
 - a. Fibre-optic's
 - b. Coaxial cable
 - c. Ethernet cable
 - d. HDMI cable
7. The type of communication used by satellites for the Internet. Such as Starlink is?
 - a. Microwave
 - b. Ultrasonic Ray
 - c. Infrared ray
 - d. FM signal
8. Which type of network has the highest data transfer rate
 - a. MAN
 - b. WAN
 - c. LAN
 - d. PAN
9. In which of the following network has the most heterogeneous type of network?
 - a. MAN
 - b. WAN
 - c. LAN
 - d. PAN
10. Which type of network has its component as satellites and undersea cables?
 - a. MAN
 - b. WAN
 - c. LAN
 - d. PAN
11. Which topology is the most easy to create?
 - a. Linear topology
 - b. Ring topology
 - c. Tree topology
 - d. Star topology
12. Find the odd one out among these topologies
 - a. Linear topology
 - b. Ring topology
 - c. Bus topology
 - d. Star topology
13. URL stands for
 - a. Uniform resource location
 - b. Universal resource locator
 - c. University resource locator
 - d. Uniform resource locator

14. What is the packet size of IP version 6?
 - a. 128
 - b. 64
 - c. 256
 - d. 512
15. Which protocol of internet is responsible for transmission of data?
 - a. TCP/IP
 - b. FTP
 - c. Http
 - d. URL
16. Which standard email protocol allows users to manipulate the email?
 - a. SMTP
 - b. TCP/IP
 - c. POP3
 - d. IMAP
17. Which sequence of numbers represents the virtual address of a computer?
 - a. I P
 - b. MAC
 - c. Https://
 - d. DNS
18. Microsoft Outlook is an off-line email service provider where the user can install the software and can have all the emails downloaded in their computer. So Microsoft outlook runs on what type of protocol?
 - a. SMTP
 - b. TCP/IP
 - c. POP3
 - d. IMAP
19. Which of the following features or not true about GIMP
 - a. It can edit even 3-D object
 - b. It has the ability to create animation
 - c. It is free of cost
 - d. It is the industrial standard for editing and content creation.
20. The default extension of GIMP image file is
 - a. .psd
 - b. .xcf
 - c. .dds
 - d. .gimp
21. Which feature of GIMP allows users to create images in a separated medium?
 - a. Pathway
 - b. Layers
 - c. Foreground select
 - d. Mask

22. What happens when a user draws a line using a pencil tool while pressing the shift key on the keyboard?
- A curved line is drawn
 - A closed figure is drawn
 - A straight line is drawn
 - Nothing happens
23. The shortcut key for bucket fill tool is
- B
 - Shift + B
 - F
 - Shift + F
24. Identify this tool. "It enables you to copy a particular portion or patch of the existing image and apply that to another portion of the image."
- Magic wand
 - Clone
 - Radiant
 - Healing tool
25. This tool is used to reverse the layer, selection or part horizontally or vertically
- Shear
 - Flip
 - Cage transformation
 - Perspective
26. Which option in GIMP is used to modify the area of an image by moving, growing or shrinking?
- Wrap transformation
 - Free select
 - Fuzzy select
 - Scale
27. Which option allows you to take a picture of a particular selected area of a window or screen?
- Window + print screen (screenshot)
 - Snapshot (GIMP)
 - Both option A and B
 - None of these.
28. Which option allows you to reduce the size of the canvas instead of size of the image?
- Image resolution
 - cage transformation
 - Free transformation
 - Crop tool
29. If a user wants to create a new layer then which menu has the option?
- Filters
 - Insert
 - Layers
 - Colours

30. If a user wants to create an animation in a GIMP. Then the user has to select which menu option?
- Filters
 - Insert
 - Layers
 - Colours
31. What happens if a user selects an ellipse tool and press shift key while drawing?
- Oval is drawn
 - Semi Circle is drawn
 - Circle is drawn
 - Parabolic shape is drawn
32. The shortcut for rectangle tool is
- R
 - Shift +R
 - O
 - Shift + O
33. Which of the following is a display of images in a sequence?
- Screenshot
 - Animation
 - Layers
 - Pathway
34. Find the odd one out.
- Adobe photoshop
 - Adobe Lightroom
 - GIMP
 - MS PAINT
35. Read the following case and select the best case which describes a situation. "Justin Bieber wanted to find out where his next concert should be. So he asked his fans on Twitter which country he should visit next and the people of the Internet chose North Korea out of all the options." This type of behaviour can be described as?
- Cyber Stalking
 - Cyber Bullying
 - Cyber Trolling
 - Cyber Extortion
36. Select the best option which describes the degree of least criminality.
- Cyber Stalking
 - Cyber Bullying
 - Cyber Trolling
 - Cyber Extortion

37. Indian cyber laws have been enacted under which act?
- Indian Telegram Law of 1889
 - Indian IT act of 1956
 - Indian IT act of 2000
 - Indian cyber Data Protection act of 2014
38. Stealing the credentials of others by means of phishing, pharming. Can lead too?
- Imprisonment for three years and imposition of fine up to Rs.1,00,000
 - Imprisonment for three years and imposition of fine up to Rs.5,00,000
 - Life imprisonment
 - Imprisonment for 7 years and imposition of fine up to Rs.50,00,000.
39. If a person is involved and proved to be indulged in cyber terrorism such as promotion or recruitment of Al Qaeda or Isis. Can lead too?
- Imprisonment for three years and imposition of fine up to Rs.1,00,000
 - Imprisonment for three years and imposition of fine up to Rs.5,00,000
 - Life imprisonment
 - Imprisonment for 7 years and imposition of fine up to Rs.50,00,000.
40. _____ Is a mechanism in a network which determines whether the incoming traffic should be allowed to enter or not?
- Cyber law
 - Firewall
 - Bridge
 - Password
41. _____ Helps to stop an unauthorised access of a file or system to a person without consent.
- Firewall
 - Cyber laws
 - Antivirus
 - Password
42. Which type of virus attacks the MBR?
- Worm
 - Boot sector virus
 - Trojan Horse
 - Spyware
43. Which virus is designed to destroy computer memory?
- Malware
 - Boot sector virus
 - File injector
 - Worm
44. BSOD stands for?
- Black screen of death
 - Blue screen of death
 - Black Server death
 - Blue screen of damage

45. ANTIEXE Is an example of what type of virus?
- Malware
 - Boot sector virus
 - File injector
 - Worm
46. Which virus has a strategy of attacking a computer through backdoor access?
- Malware
 - Boot sector virus
 - File injector
 - Trojan Horse
47. Which password is the strongest among the following?
- Password
 - Admin123
 - Siera@#56
 - NamasteHello@56@Konichiwa56
48. Which strategy is not used to steal passwords?
- Phishing
 - Spam
 - Spyware
 - Trojan Horse
49. Which of the following is not allowed under Indian IT act 2000?
- Electronic filing of Legal documents
 - Digital signatures
 - Distribution of obscene content over the internet.
 - Grants legal recognition to all monetary transaction
50. Recently Chinese origin apps like tik-tok, WeChat ,CamScanner and 112 other apps have been banned under which Ministry of the Government of India?
- Ministry of Defence
 - Reserve Bank of India
 - Ministry of Information Technology
 - Ministry of Home.
-