



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL Township, Ranchi

SECOND SEMESTER (SESSION-2017-18)

CLASS: – IV

SUBJECT:- General Science

DATE :- 26.02.2018

M.M. :- 80

1. Define these terms:

[2 x 4 = 8]

- a) Photosynthesis b) Pollution c) Metamorphosis d) Weather

2. Answer in Short:

[2 x 5 = 10]

- a) What is the role of chlorophyll during photosynthesis?
b) Why do conifers have needle like leaves?
c) What is soil pollution?
d) How are dew and fog formed?
e) How are polar bear adapted to live in colder regions?

3. Answer in detail:

[3 x 5 = 15]

- a) Explain the structure of an egg.
b) What are the 3R's? How do they protect the environment?
c) What will happen if there is an increase in the number of animals?
d) What special features help a camel to survive in the desert?
e) How are seasons caused? Name them and explain any one.

4. Give reasons:

[2 + 2 + 1=5]

- a) We put pond weed in a fish tank.
b) Wind blows from sea towards the land during the day.
c) Stars are not seen during the day.

5. Distinguish between:

[2 x 2 = 4]

- a) Rotation and revolution
b) Sedimentation and decantation.

6. Name the following:

[1 x 8 = 8]

- a) The waste that do not decay or rot : _____
b) A fuel that cause less air pollution : _____
c) A parasitic plant : _____
d) An animal that changes its colour : _____
e) A chemical used to test the presence of starch : _____
f) The process of the shedding the old skin in a cockroach : _____
g) The imaginary line that divides the Earth into two equal halves : _____
h) An egg laying mammal : _____

P.T.O.



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL Township, Ranchi

SECOND SEMESTER (SESSION-2017-18)

CLASS: – IV
SUBJECT:- English

DATE :- 28.02.2018
M.M. :- 80

Section – A (Reading – 10 marks)

1. Read the passage and answer the questions that follow:

[1 x 5 = 5]

The Tease

A giant Oak stood near a stream in which grew some slender Reeds. When the wind blew, the great Oak stood proudly upright with its branches uplifted to the sky. But the Reeds bowed low in the wind and sang a sad and mournful song. (Para – 1)

‘You have a reason to complain’, said the Oak tree. ‘The slightest breeze that ruffles the surface of the water makes you bow your heads, while I, the mighty Oak, stand upright and firm before the howling. (Para – 2)

‘Do not worry about us’, said the Reeds. ‘The wind do not harm us. We bow before them and so we do not break. You, in all your pride and strength, have so far withstood their blows. But the end is coming. (Para – 3)

As the Reeds spoke, a great storm rushed out of the north. The Oak stood proudly and fought against the storm, while the Reeds bowed low. The wind blew in fury, and all at once the great Oak tree fell, torn up by the roots, and lay among the pitying Reeds. (Para – 4)

- Where did the Oak tree grow? (Para – 1)
- What did the Oak tree say to tease the Reeds? (Para – 2)
- What happened to the Oak tree in the end? (Para – 4)
- Find the opposites of these words from the story:
 - dwarf - _____ (Para – 1)
 - weakness - _____ (Para – 3)
- Unscramble the following words from the passage. Meaning of the words are given in the brackets:
 - YTHIGM- _____ (Para – 2) – Possessing great power
 - PUTHGRI - _____ (Para – 2) – Sitting or standing with the back straight

2. Read the poem and answer the questions that follow:

[1 x 5 = 5]

The Grasshopper and the Ants

<p>A grasshopper lazed in the summer sun, Watching the ants as, one by one, They stored away seeds, leaves and grass, And grasshopper laughed: ‘Dear me, alas! How foolish are these ants to toil, When the summer sun is on the boil, Why don’t they enjoy the heat with me?’ And he kicked up his heels so carelessly. (Stanza – 1)</p>	<p>Silly grasshopper, you sang and hopped Till summer’s warmth and heat were stopped, You should have thought of winter’s chill, No food, and the wind blows fit to kill.’ (Stanza – 3)</p>
<p>But when the summer sun had gone, And grasshopper shivered upon a stone, He cried aloud: Oh, dearie me! I’m frozen stiff and so hungry! Oh, ants, dear ants, pray let me in, My nose is blue, and I’m so thin, Its’ cold out here, please let me in do,’ But an ant peeped out and shouted: ‘Shoo!’ (Stanza – 2)</p>	<p>So grasshopper crept into a hole, Which he shared all winter with a mole. Spring came; he said: ‘I must remember, To make proper plans for next December. (Stanza – 4)</p>

- What was the grasshopper doing? [Stanza-1]
- What did the ant say to the grasshopper? [Stanza- 3]
- What did the grasshopper learn at last ? [Stanza- 4]
- Find words from the poem which mean the following:
 - to work hard- _____ (Stanza – 1)
 - shake slightly as a result of being cold - _____ (Stanza – 2)
- Fill in the blanks:
 - A grasshopper was being lazy in the _____ season.
 - The grasshopper took shelter with a _____ in a hole.

Section – B (Writing – 10 marks)

3. You are Pratibha / Pradeep staying at Room No. 102, St. Joseph Hostel, Dehradun. Your school has organised an educational trip to Rajasthan during the winter break. Write a letter to your father asking his permission to join the educational tour. [5]

OR

You are Pratibha / Pradeep staying at Room No. 102 St. Joseph Hostel, Dehradun. Write a letter to your sister describing about a function which was recently organised in your school.

P.T.O.

4. Write a paragraph in 100 – 120 words on:

[5]

- a) Trees are our best friend OR b) If I were a millionaire OR c) Republic Day Celebration

Section – C (Grammar – 30 marks)

5. Read this story about Florence Nightingale. (Fill in with a / an / the) :

[0.5 x 6 = 3]

Florence was (a) _____ kind girl. As (b) _____ young girl, she liked to look after (c) _____ sick farmers. One day Florence saw (d) _____ old shepherd's dog. It was hurt. Its leg was broken. She bandaged (e) _____ broken leg with care. When Florence grew older, she decided to become (f) _____ nurse.

6. Fill in the blanks with appropriate pronouns:

[0.5 x 6 = 3]

- a) Hi, I am Sudha. Don't you remember _____?
b) We are going to the zoo. Do you want to join _____?
c) _____ must apologise for your rude manners.
d) This table is _____. But that table is mine.
e) This dog is hurt. _____ is in pain.
f) Those apples are _____. He will sell them in his shop.

7. Choose the correct preposition:

[0.5 x 8 = 4]

- a) What is the time (in / on / by) your watch?
b) He waited for you (in / at / on) the railway station.
c) My examinations are held (on / in / at) March.
d) The dog jumped (in / into / of) the river.
e) Distribute the sweets (between / in / among) your friends.
f) We lived there (from / for / in) four years.
g) Do not be afraid (of / on / from) a dog.
h) We have a beautiful park (near / among / between) our house.

8. Rewrite the following sentences using suitable conjunctions:

[1 x 4 = 4]

- a) Kiran teaches judo. Kiran teaches dance. b) She can sing. She cannot dance.
c) I got all wet. It was raining outside. d) She is rich. She is unhappy.

9. Mention the adverbs and state its kind:

[1 x 4 = 4]

- a) My bag is kept there. b) Preeti will come to our house tomorrow.
c) Mary always goes to the church on Friday. d) The old man is walking slowly.

10. Pick the verbs from the following sentences and state their tenses:

[1 x 4 = 4]

- a) The man sold the grapes at a high price. b) Simi makes a horrible face.
c) She went for a swim at 4 p.m. d) I will complete my home work in the evening.

11. Do as directed:

[1 x 8 = 8]

- a) She (reach) home at 5 p.m. everyday. (rewrite using simple present tense of the verb)
b) Anand (fly) a kite. (rewrite using present continuous form of the verb)
c) These children (go) to school. (rewrite using present continuous tense of the verb)
d) Ajay (catch) the ball. (rewrite using simple past tense of the verb)
e) They (cross) the road carefully. (rewrite using simple past tense of the verb)
f) We (go) for a morning walk tomorrow. (rewrite using simple future tense)
g) We have summer vacation _____ 11th May _____ 4th June. (fill in the blanks with prepositions)
h) _____ you want to get good marks, work hard
_____ you will fail. (fill in the blanks with appropriate conjunctions)

Section – D (Literature – 30 marks)

12. Answer the following questions in brief:

[2 x 4 = 8]

- a) How did the younger brother feel about his brother not giving him grain and not inviting him to feasts?
b) In the poem 'Whispering Leaves' the speaker wants to know the answer to two questions. What are they?
c) Why does the speaker come to the railway station?
d) Why does Rama think that they are safe in the forest?

13. Answer the following questions with reference to the context:

[3 x 2 = 6]

a) Grind, or I will kill you.

- i) Who says this to whom? ii) What happens next?

b) Oh brother, forgive me.

- i) Who says this? Why? ii) What has just happened?

14. Answer the following questions in detail:

[3 x 2 = 6]

- a) How did the men find out that part of the bridge had been washed away?
b) Was the king a good man or a bad man? Explain your answer.

15. Write the meaning of the following:

[1 x 5 = 5]

- a) possession b) awkward c) rapid d) warrior

16. Make sentences with:

[1 x 3 = 3]

- a) whispered b) kidnap c) dangerous

17. Fill in the blanks:

[0.5 x 2 = 1]

- a) Rama, his wife Sita, and his _____ Lakshmana lived in the forest.
b) The _____ brother got all the property of his father.

18. Write 'True' or 'False':

[0.5 x 2 = 1]

- a) The magic millstones looked different from other millstones.
b) Lakshmana is happy where he is.



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL Township, Ranchi

SECOND SEMESTER (SESSION-2017-18)

CLASS: – IV

DATE :- 06.03.2018

SUBJECT:- Mathematics

M.M. :- 80

Section - A

1. Fill in the blanks:

[1 x 10 =10]

- In $7 \times 8 = 56$; 7 and 8 are _____ of 56.
- The HCF of 1089 and 1 is _____.
- The place value of 2 in 5.126 is _____.
- 10 hectolitres = 1 _____.
- 81 rupees 2 paise = ₹ _____
- $1 - 0.609 =$ _____.
- The fractions with numerators smaller than the denominators are called _____ fractions.
- Perimeter of _____ = Sum of the lengths of three sides.
- The common factors of 9 and 16 is _____.
- Representation of data using picture symbols is called a _____.

2. Write 'True' or 'False':

[0.5 x 10 = 5]

- Every multiple is a multiple of 1.
- The HCF of two co-prime numbers is 10.
- We place a decimal after two digits from the right to convert paise into rupees.
- Perimeter of a square = 2 x side.
- Bar graphs have a number of bars of uniform width with unequal spacing between them.
- 100mg = 10cg
- 4 tenths = 0.40
- $0.20 = 0.200$
- $\frac{3}{5} < \frac{7}{8}$
- 2 is the smallest composite number.

3. Do as directed:

[2 x 12 = 24]

- Write all the composite numbers between 50 and 60.
- Write the first 4 multiples of 16.
- Find the HCF of 72 and 81.
- Find the LCM of 12, 18 and 36.
- Write four equivalent fractions of $\frac{3}{4}$
- Compare $4\frac{5}{6}$ and $\frac{17}{8}$
- Observe the pattern and find the missing numbers: 1.782, 1.786, 1.790, _____, _____, _____, _____
- Subtract : 28kg 816 g from 48 kg.
- Add: 19m 17cm and 40m 28cm.
- Convert
 - ₹ 1, 80 P into rupees using decimals.
 - 25m into kilometres.
- Find the perimeter of the square, whose side is 16 cm.
- Convert:
 - 36 litres 455 ml into litres.
 - 23m 48 cm into metres.

P.T.O.

Section – B

4. Solve the following:

[3 x 7 =21]

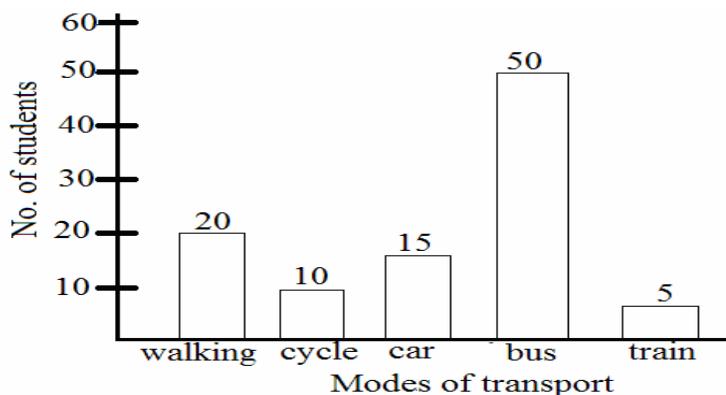
- a) Write all factors of 48.
- b) Find the lowest number which when increased by 3 is divisible by 12, 16 and 18.
- c) Convert:
 - i) $\frac{65}{8}$ into mixed fraction
 - ii) $7\frac{8}{9}$ into improper fraction.
 - iii) $\frac{39}{52}$ into lowest term.
- d) Rakesh travelled 75 km 500m by bus, thereafter 11 km 250m by auto-rickshaw and finally 5km 350m by tonga. What distance did he travel in all?
- e) A book costs ₹ 284.48. What is the cost of such 25 books?
- f) Find the perimeter of the rectangle whose length is 25.5cm and breadth is 20.5cm.
- g) Arrange the following in ascending order:

0.6, 0.25, 0.18, 0.9, 0.5, 0.35

5. Answer the following questions:

[4 x 5 = 20]

- a) You went to a shop for buying some items. Prices of the bought items were as follows:
Biscuits → ₹ 58.75, Bread → ₹ 40.25, Noodles → ₹ 89.50, Chocolates → ₹ 135.05,
Cold drink → ₹120.65. You gave shopkeeper ₹ 1000. How much money was returned back to you?
- b) If one bag and one lunch box cost ₹ 239.75 and ₹ 225.08 respectively, find the total cost of such 14 bags and 18 lunch boxes.
- c) A train has to travel a total distance of 574km. It has already covered a distance of 255km. Estimate the remaining distance that the train has to travel in terms of nearest ten and nearest hundred.
- d) The perimeter of a rectangular field is 96 m. If its length is 32m, find its breadth.
- e) In a certain school, the number of students using various modes of transport is shown in the bar graph given below:



Read the bar graph carefully and answer the following questions:

- i) How many students use cycle?
- ii) How many students go to school by walking?
- iii) Which mode of transport is used by most of the students?
- iv) Which mode of transport is used by the least students?



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL Township, Ranchi

SECOND SEMESTER (SESSION-2017-18)

CLASS: – IV

SUBJECT:- Hindi

DATE :- 08.03.2018

M.M. :- 80

खण्ड –क

1. अपठित गद्यांश –

[1 x 5 = 5]

व्यक्ति के सामने जब कोई कठिन काम आता है। उस काम को उसे स्वयं करने का निर्णय लेना चाहिए। यदि व्यक्ति दूसरों के भरोसे रहेगा तो विफल ही रहेगा। आलसी व्यक्ति भाग्य के भरोसे रहता है, इसी कारण वह सफल नहीं होता। सफल व्यक्ति वह होता है जो किसी काम को छोटा बड़ा नहीं मानता, सरल अथवा कठिन भी नहीं समझता। वह काम को सिर्फ काम मानता है। ऐसे परिश्रमी व्यक्तिय आत्मनिर्भर व स्वावलम्बी होते हैं। गीता में उन व्यक्तियों के संबंध में कहा गया है कि, एक तो वे होते हैं जो बिना काम किए रहते हैं, तथा दूसरे वे व्यक्ति जो काम को सर्वोपरी मानते हैं। परिश्रमी व्यक्ति कभी पराजय का मुँह नहीं देखते।

उपर्युक्त गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें –

- क) कठिन काम आने पर हमें क्या करना चाहिए ?
ख) आलसी व्यक्ति किसके भरोसे रहते हैं ?
ग) सफल व्यक्ति कौन होते हैं ?
घ) गीता में कैसे व्यक्तियों के विषय में बताया गया है ?
ङ) विलोम शब्द लिखें – सफल, सरल

खण्ड –ख

2. विशेषण की परिभाषा लिखें तथा किन्हीं दो भेदों के नाम उदाहरण के साथ लिखें।

[4]

3. अकर्मक और सकर्मक क्रिया का अन्तर उदाहरण के साथ बताएँ।

[3]

4. निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दें –

[3 x 6 = 18]

क) नीचे दिए गए शब्दों के दो-दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखें –
बादल, पेड़, रात

ख) दिए गए शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखें –
अमृत, कोमल, कटु

ग) दिए गए अशुद्ध शब्दों को शुद्ध करें –
श्रीमति, कवीयत्री, पराचीन

घ) दिए गए अनेक शब्दों के एक शब्द लिखें –

- i) जो कम जानता हो – ii) जहाँ पहुँचना कठिन हो– iii) जिसका कोई अर्थ न हो –

ङ) दिए गए वाक्यों में सही मुहावरें भरें –

- i) मेरी छोटी बहन सभी घरवालों को अपनी है।
ii) पुलिस को देखते ही चोर हो गए।
iii) राजू जब भी अच्छा काम करने लगता है राहुल उसमें देता है।

च) सही विराम चिह्न लगाकर वाक्य लिखें – (1/2 अंक पूरा वाक्य न लिखने पर कट जाएगा)

- i) दिशाएँ चार होती हैं पूर्व पश्चिम तथा उत्तर और दक्षिण
ii) वाह तुम्हारी लिखाई तो बहुत सुंदर है
iii) मुझे साथ उठना बैठना और घूमना-फिरना पसंद है

खण्ड – ग

5. दीर्घ उत्तरीय प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें –

[2 x 3 = 6]

- क) लोग मौसी की पुराने और जर्जर सामान क्यों दे जाते थे ?
ख) अंत में धौम्य ऋषि ने आरुणि से क्या कहा ?
ग) हथियार न होने पर भी गाँववाले डाकुओं से लोहा लेने को क्यों तैयार थे ?

P.T.O.

6. एक वाक्य में प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें – [1 x 6 = 6]
- क) गाँववालों ने किसे हथियार बनाया ?
 ख) गुरुजी ने उपमन्यु को चिंता का क्या कारण बताया ?
 ग) फूल और काँटा एक ही कुल के कैसे हैं ?
 घ) किन जीवों को शीत निद्रा की आवश्यकता नहीं होती ?
 ङ) नीना स्कूल से लौटी तो उदास क्यों थी ?
 च) प्रवासी पक्षी अपना प्रवासकाल किस ऋतु में समाप्त करते हैं ?
7. नीचे दिए गए शब्दों के अर्थ लिखें – [1 x 4 = 4]
- सप्ताह, अदृश्य, भविष्य, निर्जन क्षेत्र
8. किसने किससे कहा – [1 x 4 = 4]
- क) “क्या आज भी गणित में कम अंक आए ?”
 ख) “ बेटे, मुझे तुम सभी की सोच अच्छी लगी।”
 ग) “इसे गोली से उड़ा दो।”
 घ) “ उपज नहीं होने पर आश्रम में अन्न का आभाव हो जाता।”
9. कविता की पंक्तियाँ पूरी करें – [1 x 4 = 4]
- छेदकर काँटा
 है किसी के वर वसन।
 का पर कुतर,
 भौर का है वेद्य देता ।
10. रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति करें – [1 x 4 = 4]
- क) 15 दिसम्बर को स्वयं प्रधानमंत्री ने बाँटे।
 ख) प्रवास यात्रा को भी कहते हैं।
 ग) सतीश के चेहरे का हिस्सा घायल हो गया।
 घ) एक सप्ताह बाद नीना ने में भाग लिया।
11. दिए गए शब्दों में से उपयुक्त शब्दों का प्रयोग करके प्रश्न बनाएँ – (पूरा वाक्य लिखें) [1 x 4 = 4]
- क्या / कितने / कितनी
- क) नमिता ने दस डिब्बे दिए।
 ख) समीर ने छह पत्रिकाएँ दी।
 ग) अभिषेक ने सौ रूपए दिए।
 घ) शबाना ने भोजन दिया।
12. दिए गए अनेकार्थी शब्दों का वाक्य में प्रयोग करें – [1 x 4 = 4]
- क) पास–(निकट) पास– (अधिकार में)
 ख) सुर – (स्वर) सुर – (देवता)
13. बॉक्स में दिए गए शब्दों में 'आहट' लगाकर रिक्त स्थानों को भरें – [0.5 x 4 = 2]
- | | | | |
|--------|------|---------|-------|
| सन–सन, | गरम, | खड़खड़, | चिकना |
|--------|------|---------|-------|
- क) रज़ाई में नहीं थी।
 ख) कपड़े में घी की लग जाती है।
 ग) हवा की सुनाई पड़ रही थी।
 घ) सुनकर सब जाग उठे।
14. मूल्यपरक प्रश्न: [1 x 2 = 2]
- सरदी की शाम में एक कुत्ते का बच्चा घर के बाहर बैठा काँप रहा है। उसे ठंड से बचाने के लिए आप उसकी मदद किस प्रकार करेंगे लिखें।
- खण्ड-घ
15. किसी एक विषय पर अनुच्छेद लिखें – [1 x 5 = 5]
- सच्चा मित्र या मेरी रेल यात्रा
16. जन्मदिन पर उपहार के लिए मित्र को धन्यवाद पत्र लिखें। [1 x 5 = 5]



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL Township, Ranchi

SECOND SEMESTER (SESSION-2017-18)

CLASS: – IV

DATE :- 10.03.2018

SUBJECT:- Social Science

M.M. :- 80

1. Define:

[1 x 8 = 8]

- a) dairy farm b) Coral c) fossil fuel d) Refinery
e) raw material f) utility services g) discrimination h) reformers

2. Answer in detail:

[2.5 x 8 = 20]

- a) What are Directive Principles? Write any three directive principles.
b) Why did Ashoka become a follower of Buddhism?
c) What are the main functions of a government?
d) Why should we use mineral oil carefully?
e) Distinguish between large scale and small scale industries.
f) Write about the life of the people in Kerala.
g) What was the contribution of Raja Rammohan Roy as a social reformer?
h) What are Fundamental Rights? Write any three Fundamental Rights.

3. Give short answer:

[1.5 x 8 = 12]

- a) Why India is called a Secular country?
b) Why are petroleum and coal called fossil fuel?
c) Why is Puri an important city in Odisha?
d) Most of the Jute textile mills are located around Kolkata. Give reasons.
e) Who elects the Gram Panchayat?
f) Which is the oldest religion of India? Name its holy book.
g) What makes Emperor Ashoka great?
h) Write about the divisions of Western coastal plain.

4. Answer in one sentence:

[1 x 10 =10]

- a) What is mining?
b) Where do the Eastern and Western Coastal plains meet?
c) Name the religious teacher who brought Christianity to India.
d) Name any two social reformers of India.
e) Name two major software producing centre in India.
f) Name two places where oil wells are located in India.
g) Name the two group of Islands located in the Arabian Sea and Bay of Bengal.
h) Give two examples of Cottage Industry.
i) Name the person who first introduced the system of local self government in India.
j) Who is considered as the messenger of God in Islam?

5. Name the following:

[1 x 8 = 8]

- a) The holy book of Sikhs: _____
b) Here raw materials are converted into finished products: _____
c) The place where Amul products are produced: _____
d) The metal used to make bodies for aircrafts and cars: _____
e) The oldest Municipal Corporation in India : _____
f) The supreme law of India: _____
g) The natural gas used in vehicles especially in buses: _____
h) This place in Puducherry is famous for its eco-friendly products: _____

P.T.O.

6. Fill in the blanks:

[0.5 x 10 = 5]

- a) _____ founded a school to give free primary education to girls.
- b) _____ is the introduction to our constitution.
- c) King Ashoka became a follower of Buddha after the _____.
- d) Woods, ores, cotton and wheat are _____.
- e) Earlier _____ was ruled by the French, but it is now a Union Territory.
- f) The _____ in which many of the freedom fighters were kept during the British rule is situated in _____.
- g) _____ and _____ are the important dance forms of Kerala.
- h) _____ is the holy book of Parsis.

7. Write two uses of the following minerals:

[1 x 2 = 2]

- a) Coal
- b) Copper

8. Write True or False:

[0.5 x 10 = 5]

- a) Marina beach is located in the Western coastal plain.
- b) The President of India is the head of the state.
- c) We should protect public property.
- d) India is the largest producer of sugar in the world.
- e) Sati was the practice of burning the wife along with her husband when he died.
- f) Various products are separated from crude oil in refineries.
- g) Silk textile mills are located in Gurgaon and Nasik.
- h) The Andaman and Nicobar Islands are also known as the Coral Islands.
- i) The age limit to vote in the Panchayat election is 25 years.
- j) Jesus Christ preached love for all and forgiveness.

9. Match the following:

[0.5 x 10 = 5]

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Muslims | i) Municipal Corporation |
| b) Ashoka | ii) Gurgaon |
| c) Raja Rammohan Roy | iii) Madhya Pradesh |
| d) Mahavira | iv) Gold mine |
| e) Barauni | v) Quran |
| f) Iron | vi) Buddhist king |
| g) Kolar | vii) Social reformer |
| h) Sugar mills | viii) Oil refinery |
| i) Automobile | ix) Jainism |
| j) Mayor | x) Railway coaches |

10. Write the name of the places of the following industries:

[0.5 x 10 = 5]

- a) Textile Industry _____
- b) Railway Equipment Industries _____
- c) Iron and Steel plants _____
- d) Ship Building _____
- e) Aircraft Industries _____