

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

Question Bank - 1 (SESSION-2018-19)

SUBJECT: Hindi

CLASS: – III

- I.** 1) विशेषण किसे कहते हैं ? उदाहरण सहित लिखें।
2) विशेष्य से आप क्या समझते हैं ? उदाहरण के साथ लिखिए।
3) विशेषण शब्द कौन-कौन से हैं ?
4) दिए गए विशेषण शब्दों के विशेष्य लिखिए –
क) परिश्रमी –..... ख) सतरंगी –..... ग) बड़ा–.....
घ) विशाल –..... ङ) कपटी –..... च) छः –.....
- II.** 1) वचन से आप क्या समझते हैं ? उदाहरण सहित लिखिए।
2) वचन के कितने भेद होते हैं? उनके नाम भी लिखें।
3) दिए गए शब्दों को वचन के भेदों के आधार पर अलग-अलग करके लिखिए –
क) घड़ियाँ –..... ख) संतरा –..... ग) दरवाजें–.....
घ) आँख –..... ङ) कारें –..... च) बच्चें –.....
4) दिए गए वाक्यों को सही वचन से पूरा कीजिए –
क) मेरे बस्ते में सभी विषयों की रखी हैं। (पुस्तक / पुस्तकें)
ख) काँव-काँव कर रहे हैं। (कौआ / कौए)
ग) राकेश भोजन कर रहा। (है / हैं)
घ) पिताजी बाज़ार जा। (रहा है / रहे हैं)
5) वचन बदलें –
क) बिल्लियाँ –..... ख) सब्जी–..... ग) चम्मच –.....
घ) दवाई –..... ङ) मिठाईयाँ –..... च) कपड़ा –.....
- III.** 1) पर्यायवाची शब्द किसे कहते हैं ? एक उदाहरण भी लिखिए।
2) पर्यायवाची को और किस नाम से जाना जाता है ?
3) दिए गए शब्दों के तीन-तीन पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए –
क) फूल–..... ख) पाठशाला–..... ग) नभ –.....
घ) आग–..... ङ) भू –..... च) सखा–.....
- IV. पत्र-लेखन**
1) चाचा जी की शादी/विवाह हेतु निमंत्रण पत्र लिखें।
2) जन्मदिन पर निमंत्रण के लिए अपने मित्र को पत्र लिखें।
3) चित्रकला प्रतियोगिता में प्रथम आने पर अपने बहन को बधाई पत्र लिखिए।
4) बीमार होने पर अवकाश के लिए प्रधानाचार्य को पत्र लिखिए।
5) बिना बताए छुट्टी लेने के कारण जुर्माना माफ़ करने के लिए कक्षा-अध्यापिका को पत्र लिखिए।
- V. अनुच्छेद लेखन**
1) समाचार पत्र पढ़ने के लाभ।
2) वसंत ऋतु।
3) हमारा प्रिय शहर राँची।
4) मेरा प्रिय विषय।
5) पेड़- पौधों का महत्व।

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

Question Bank - 1 (SESSION-2018-19)

SUBJECT: Maths (*Ch.- Fraction, Money, Measurements*) **CLASS:** – III

I. Fill in the blanks:

- 1) There are two _____ in a whole.
- 2) There are _____ one-third in a whole.
- 3) There are _____ one-fourth in a whole.
- 4) A _____ is a number that represent parts of a whole.
- 5) When the numerator of a fraction is smaller than its denominator, it is called a _____.
- 6) With the same numerator and denominator, the fraction is equal to _____.
- 7) When the numerator is zero, the fraction is equal to _____.
- 8) When the denominator is one, the fraction equals the _____.
- 9) _____ quarters make 1 whole.
- 10) $\frac{1}{7}$ of 84 is _____.
- 11) _____ sixths make a whole.
- 12) Indian currency is available in _____ and _____.
- 13) The people who collect and study about currency are called _____.
- 14) Symbol of rupee is _____.
- 15) ₹ 100 + ₹ 500 + ₹ 1000 + 100p = _____.
- 16) A book costs ₹ 16.75, then the cost of 15 books is _____.
- 17) Rita saves ₹ 950 every month. After 12 months she will save ₹ _____.
- 18) Divide ₹ 103.85 by 5 _____.
- 19) ₹ 113.60 = _____ p.
- 20) 180 rupees and 7 paise = ₹ _____.
- 21) 1m = _____ cm
- 22) 3000 m = _____ km
- 23) Kilo stands for _____.
- 24) Litre is used to measure _____.
- 25) $\frac{1}{4}$ of a litre = _____ ml.
- 26) $\frac{1}{5}$ of 1 kg = _____ g.
- 27) Out of 4 km 200m, 5km, 5km 300m the longest measure is _____.
- 28) 9738g = _____ kg _____ g
- 29) 2735 m = _____ km _____ m.
- 30) 6 kg 40 g = _____ g

II. Solve :

- 1) Reena has a juice can of 2 litres. She wants to divide it equally among 4 friends. How much juice will each friend get?
- 2) A shopkeeper had 940kg 300g of mangoes. 570kg 500g of mangoes was sold in a day. How much mangoes was left over?
- 3) Rita covered a distance of 3km 205m by car, 68km 98m by bus and 44 km 150m by train. What distance did she cover altogether? How much more distance did she cover by train than by bus?

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

Question Bank - 1 (SESSION-2018-19)

SUBJECT: S.Sc.

(Lesson- 12, 13 & 20)

CLASS: – III

I. Name them:

- 1) He designed New Delhi : - _____
- 2) Chief Minister of Maharashtra : - _____
- 3) Early humans tied a sharp stones to a stick and used it as a : - _____
- 4) The earliest human remains have been found in : - _____
- 5) A person who cultivates the land is called : - _____
- 6) Official residence of the President of India : - _____
- 7) Two monuments built by Shah Jahan in New Delhi : - _____
- 8) Headquarter of the Central Railway : - _____
- 9) Languages spoken in Mumbai : - _____
- 10) The area near Mumbai where the crude oil is taken out from the sea bed: - _____
- 11) First Metal discovered by early man : - _____
- 12) Central government consists of : - _____
- 13) New Delhi is situated on the banks of this river: - _____
- 14) A famous garden in Rashtrapati Bhavan: - _____
- 15) The earliest weapon: - _____

II. Fill in the blanks:

- 1) Maharashtra shares its border with _____ states.
- 2) _____ is the Chief Minister of Delhi.
- 3) The Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha has its sessions in the _____ house.
- 4) The Red Fort was built around _____ years ago.
- 5) In _____, Bombay was officially renamed as Mumbai.
- 6) In 853, The British built the first railway line from _____ to _____
- 7) Crude oil is refined into _____, _____ and _____ in refineries.
- 8) Fire was used for _____ wild animals, for _____ food and it also kept them _____.
- 9) Early man painted pictures of _____ and _____ scenes on cave walls.
- 10) The scientific name for human beings is _____.
- 11) Early man tamed horses and donkeys for _____ goods.
- 12) To find out something new is called _____.
- 13) A place where crude oil is refined is called a _____.
- 14) _____ is the most famous tourist spot in Mumbai.
- 15) A structure of historical importance is called _____.

III. Answer in one sentence:

- 1) Name the materials used by early man for making tools and weapons.
- 2) When did small villages come up?
- 3) Name the airport of Mumbai.
- 4) Name one famous Ganesha temple in Mumbai.
- 5) In which month New Delhi receives rainfall?
- 6) Name two famous sea beaches of Mumbai.
- 7) In Mumbai, the rainy season is in which months?
- 8) Who started the construction of Qutub Minar?
- 9) Name the busiest airport of India.
- 10) Republic Day Parade is held here.
- 11) How were the metals useful to early man?
- 12) The flame at India Gate which was built in the memory of Indian soldiers.
- 13) Two places of tourist interest of New Delhi.
- 14) Hot wind which blows during summer is called-
- 15) What type of climate does Mumbai have?

IV. Map: Name and mark the following on the political map of India:

- 1) National Capital territory –
- 2) Marathi is the main language of this state –
- 3) Neighbouring states of Delhi –
- 4) Two coastal states which shares its boundaries with Maharashtra –

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

Question Bank - 1 (SESSION-2018-19)

SUBJECT: G.Sc.

CLASS: – III

Chapters: - L- 8, 9, 10

I. Fill in the blanks:

- 1) _____ produce sound.
- 2) Light comes from _____ and _____ sources.
- 3) _____ help us to see things.
- 4) A shadow is always formed on the _____ side of the light source.
- 5) Sound travels fastest through _____.
- 6) Light travels in a _____ line.
- 7) Our image in a mirror is due to _____ off of light.
- 8) _____ objects form shadow.
- 9) All living beings need _____ and _____ to survive.
- 10) _____ covers more than two-third of the Earth's surface.
- 11) The three states of water are _____, _____ and _____.
- 12) Water changes into water vapour on _____.
- 13) Plants give out _____ and take in _____ during photosynthesis.
- 14) The main gases present in the air are _____, _____ and _____.
- 15) _____ of air and water is harmful for all living things.
- 16) Water changes into solid ice on _____.
- 17) _____ is the layer of air that surrounds the Earth.
- 18) The _____ is the basic determiner of weather.
- 19) The three elements on which weather depends are _____, _____ & _____.
- 20) In winter, days are _____ and nights are _____.
- 21) Monsoon comes in the month of _____ to _____.
- 22) Heavy rain cause _____.
- 23) Soft and gentle motion of air is called _____.

II. Name them:

- 1) Two pleasant sounds. _____, _____
- 2) Two unpleasant sounds. _____, _____
- 3) Two transparent objects. _____, _____
- 4) Two opaque objects. _____, _____
- 5) Two translucent objects. _____, _____
- 6) Two artificial sources of light. _____, _____
- 7) Two festivals celebrated in the spring season. _____, _____
- 8) The most abundant gas in the atmosphere. _____
- 9) Any two layers of atmosphere. _____, _____
- 10) The gaseous state of water. _____
- 11) The process of changing liquid water into solid ice on cooling. _____
- 12) The process of changing solid ice into liquid water on heating. _____
- 13) The process of changing liquid water into water vapour on heating. _____
- 14) Another name of autumn. _____
- 15) We breathe out this gas. _____
- 16) Hot wind is called _____.
- 17) The dark patch formed when an object blocks the path of light. _____.
- 18) Long winter sleep. _____
- 19) Summer season comes in the month of _____ to _____.
- 20) Solid state of water _____.

III. Complete the series :

- 1) _____ : buzzing : : chirping : birds
- 2) _____ : whirring : : ringing : telephone
- 3) Cotton clothes: summer : : _____ : winter
- 4) Rainy season : _____ : : Summer : April to June.
- 5) We breathe in : _____ : : we breathe out : carbon dioxide
- 6) Clear water : transparent : : brick : _____