



# DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL Township, Ranchi

FIRST SEMESTER (SESSION-2017-18)

CLASS: – IV

DATE :- 11.09.2017

SUBJECT:- Social Science

M.M. :- 80

1. **Define:** [1 x 8 = 8 ]  
a) Peninsula                      b) Glacier                      c) Shikaras                      d) Sanctuary  
e) Delta                              f) lava rocks                      g) wind mill                      h) resource
2. **Answer in detail:** [2.5 x 8 = 20]  
a) Why is India called a subcontinent?  
b) How important are the Himalayas to India?  
c) From where does the Ganga start? How does it reach the Bay of Bengal?  
d) What are the minerals found in Chota Nagpur? Name the main mining centres.  
e) How are forests important to us?  
f) What are the various measures taken by the government to protect forests and wildlife?  
g) In what ways are trees in the evergreen forests different from that of thorn forests?  
h) Write a short note on the farmers of Haryana.
3. **Give short answers:** [1.5 x 8 = 12]  
a) What is the difference between a state and a Union Territory?  
b) Name the tributaries of Ganga that join from North. From where do they get water?  
c) What are the crops grown in Tamil Nadu?  
d) Where do we find mountain forests in India? Name the trees found there?  
e) What is meant by natural vegetation?  
f) Why is the southern part of India called a peninsula?  
g) Who are the neighbours of India?  
h) What do you do to save trees?
4. **Answer in one sentence:** [1 x 10 = 10]  
a) Where is Terai region located?  
b) What is Phiran?  
c) Name two important cities of Karnataka?  
d) From where do we get petroleum?  
e) Which of the living beings depends on trees for shelter?  
f) What is a national park?  
g) What is a basin?  
h) Name two important neighbouring countries of India across the sea.  
i) What are combined harvesters?  
j) Who was the first Indian woman to climb the Mount Everest?
5. **Name them:** [1 x 8 = 8 ]  
a) The northern border of India \_\_\_\_\_.  
b) The highest peak in India is \_\_\_\_\_  
c) The state known as the second rubber capital of India. \_\_\_\_\_  
d) This is an important festival of Jharkhand in which Sal trees are worshipped. \_\_\_\_\_  
e) The dam built across the Sutlej river \_\_\_\_\_  
f) The resources once used cannot be reused \_\_\_\_\_  
g) The other name given to tropical rain forests \_\_\_\_\_  
h) The Western Ghats and the Eastern Ghats meet at \_\_\_\_\_

P.T.O.

- 6. Fill in the blanks:** [1 x 8 = 8]
- The water body to the west of India is the \_\_\_\_\_.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ lake in Manipur is the biggest fresh water lake in India.
  - Ganga enters the Northern plains at \_\_\_\_\_.
  - The Chipko movement was led by \_\_\_\_\_.
  - The two famous temples of Tamil Nadu are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ is famous for the handicrafts made of Sandalwood. (state)
  - The highest waterfall in India, Jog falls, rises from the river \_\_\_\_\_.

- 7. Write True or False:** [0.5 x 10 = 5]
- The states called the seven sisters are located in the northwest of India.
  - Keibul Lamjao National park in Manipur is the only floating national park in the world.
  - The place where Ganga and Yamuna meet is called Sangam.
  - Bhagirathi, Mandakini, Alaknanda are the tributaries of Yamuna.
  - The historical cities of Nalanda and Gaya are located in Uttar Pradesh.
  - The land in the Southern plateau is even.
  - Air is exhaustible and so we should use it carefully.
  - We should use exhaustible resources carefully.
  - Mangrove forests can grow only in salty sea water.
  - Sandalwood and Bamboo are trees found in the deciduous forests.

- 8. Match the following:** [0.5 x 10 = 5]
- |                               |                         |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| a) Babul                      | i) Madhya Pradesh       |
| b) Kumbh Mela                 | ii) Kerala              |
| c) Bhilai                     | iii) Thorn forest       |
| d) Gurgaon                    | iv) Largest delta       |
| e) Amritsar                   | v) Brahmaputra          |
| f) Tsang – po                 | vi) Golden temple       |
| g) Sunderban                  | vii) Maruti Car factory |
| h) Lakshadweep                | viii) Steel plant       |
| i) Periyar wildlife Sanctuary | ix) Allahabad           |
| j) Bhopal                     | x) Kavaratti            |

- 9. Fill in the columns given in the table:** [0.5 x 8 = 4]

National Park / Wildlife Sanctuaries	State	Any one animal protected
1) Sunderbans	_____	_____
2) Corbett National Park	_____	_____
3) Manas National Park	_____	_____
4) Vedathangal Bird Sanctuary	_____	_____



# DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL Township, Ranchi

FIRST SEMESTER (SESSION-2017-18)

CLASS: – IV

DATE :- 13.09.2017

SUBJECT:- General Science

M.M. :- 80

1. **Define these terms :** [2 x 4 = 8]  
a) Digestion                      b) Roughage                      c) Weaving                      d) Solution
2. **Short answer questions ( Do not copy the questions):** [2 x 4 = 8]  
a) What is the role of liver and pancreas?  
b) List any two things a force can do.  
c) How will you help a person bitten by an insect?  
d) What is dry ice? Why is it so called?
3. **Long answer questions:** [3 x 4 = 12]  
a) Why is the sun considered as the main source of energy on earth?  
b) Write two properties each of solids, liquids and gases.  
c) What is the role of proteins in our body?  
d) How is a cavity formed?
4. **Give reasons:** [2 x 2 = 4]  
a) A splint is attached to a broken bone.  
b) We should wear cotton clothes in summer.
5. **Answer the following questions in a sentence:** [1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 2 = 6]  
a) What is the function of molar?  
b) Which part of the digestive system absorbs water?  
c) Which paste (mixture) is applied to reduce pain in case of an insect bite?  
d) Which is the hardest substance in the human body?  
e) What are the main steps involved in digestion?
6. **Name them:** [1 x 8 = 8]  
a) Part of the body, which releases saliva : \_\_\_\_\_.  
b) The body building nutrient : \_\_\_\_\_.  
c) Immediate help given to an injured person : \_\_\_\_\_.  
d) Cloth material through which water cannot pass and which is not absorbent: \_\_\_\_\_.  
e) A device which converts solar energy directly into electrical energy: \_\_\_\_\_.  
f) The process by which solid changes into liquid, on heating : \_\_\_\_\_.  
g) This condition results from eating too much of fatty food: \_\_\_\_\_.  
h) Thread like structures which help us to sense pain, cold and heat : \_\_\_\_\_.
7. **Fill in the blanks:** [1 x 8 = 8]  
a) A doctor who fixes bone is called an \_\_\_\_\_.  
b) \_\_\_\_\_ are used to prevent damage to clothes by insects.  
c) A lamp converts electrical energy into \_\_\_\_\_.  
d) Primary milk teeth are \_\_\_\_\_ in number.  
e) Vitamins and minerals are \_\_\_\_\_ nutrients.  
f) Work is the product of force and \_\_\_\_\_.  
g) Fibres obtained from plant or animal sources are called \_\_\_\_\_  
h) Nutrients are absorbed mainly in the \_\_\_\_\_

P.T.O.

8. Match the following column:

[0.5 x 8 = 4]

[ Copy down column 'A' and choose the correct answer from column 'B' and write in front of it]

Column - A

- a) Pull of muscles
- b) Plaque
- c) Digestion of food
- d) Fossil fuel
- e) Method of food preservation
- f) Opposes movement
- g) Gear shift
- h) Squeeze things

Column - B

- \* Enzymes
- \* Kerosene
- \* Friction
- \* Yellow sticky layer of germs on teeth
- \* Muscular energy
- \* Lever
- \* Sprains
- \* Pickling

9. Write 'True' or 'False' for the following statements:

[ 0.5 x 8 = 4 ]

- a) All forms of energy can be seen.
- b) The mineral present in the blood is iron.
- c) There are four (4) canines in each jaw.
- d) If the clothes catch fire, running is a good option.
- e) Moving air has energy in it.
- f) 100 is the emergency number for police.
- g) Gases do not have a definite shape.
- h) A solid that dissolves in water is called a solvent.

10. Distinguish between :

[ 2 x 2 = 4 ]

- a) Freezing and condensation
- b) Cotton and Wool.

11. Complete the series:

[ 1 x 6 = 6 ]

- a) wood : chemical energy      :: Sun : \_\_\_\_\_
- b) complex machine : elevator    :: \_\_\_\_\_ : screw driver
- c) chewing : mouth                :: churning : \_\_\_\_\_
- d) weight on moon : 6 kg         :: weight on earth : \_\_\_\_\_
- e) Bread : \_\_\_\_\_            :: salt : mineral
- f) Maggi : Junk food                :: Milk : \_\_\_\_\_ food

12. Draw and label :

[ 4 x 2 = 8 ]

- a) Two examples of simple machines.
- b) two food items rich in each of the following nutrients:
  - i) Carbohydrate
  - ii) Protein



# DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL Township, Ranchi

FIRST SEMESTER (SESSION-2017-18)

CLASS: – IV

DATE :- 15.09.2017

SUBJECT:- Hindi

M.M. :- 80

## खण्ड –क

### 1. अपठित गद्यांश

विश्व के सात आश्चर्यों में से पहले आश्चर्य का नाम है – पिरामिड। ये विश्व के सात आश्चर्यों में से एक है। इन्हें आज भी देखा जा सकता है। ये तिकोन आकार का भवन है। वास्तव में ये मिस्र के बादशाहों के मकबरे हैं। उस समय मिस्र में रहने वालों का यह विश्वास था कि मरे हुए मनुष्य की आत्मा पुनः उसके शरीर में वापस आ जाती है। इसलिए जब भी मिस्र में किसी बादशाह की मृत्यु होती तो वहाँ के राज वैद्य उसके शरीर पर विशेष प्रकार का लेप लगाकर जमीन के नीचे एक गहरे तहखाने में रख देते थे। उसके साथ ही सोने-चाँदी के बरतन, विभिन्न प्रकार के इत्र तथा अन्य कई प्रकार की आवश्यक वस्तुएँ रख देते थे, ताकि जब भी बादशाह की आत्मा शरीर में वापस आए तो उसे आवश्यक सामग्री पास पड़ी मिले। मृत व्यक्तियों के इस प्रकार रखे हुए शरीर को 'ममी' कहते हैं।

### उपर्युक्त गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें –

[ 5 ]

क) विश्व के सात आश्चर्यों में पहले आश्चर्य का नाम क्या है तथा उसका आकार कैसा है ?

ख) मृत शरीर पर लेप कौन लगता है ?

ग) लेप लगाए हुए शरीर को कहाँ रखा जाता था ?

घ) पिरामिड में किसके मकबरे होते थे और उन्हें क्या कहा जाता था ?

ड) नीचे दिए गए शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखें –

i) विश्वास

ii) मृत

## खण्ड –ख

### 2. सर्वनाम की परिभाषा उदाहरण सहित लिखें।

[ 2 ]

### 3. शब्द के कितने भेद होते हैं ? उनके नाम लिखें।

[ 2 ]

### 4. स्वर और व्यंजन में अंतर स्पष्ट करें।

[ 2 ]

### 5. निर्देशानुसार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें –

[ 2 x 5 =10 ]

#### i) रेखांकित शब्दों के लिंग बदल कर वाक्य पुनः लिखें –

क) मदारी ने बंदर को नाचाया।

ख) क्या मैं अन्दर आ सकता हूँ।

#### ii) एक शब्द में उत्तर लिखें –

क) भाषा के कितने रूप होते हैं ?

ख) भारत की राष्ट्रभाषा क्या है ?

#### iii) रिक्त स्थानों को भरें –

क) तालाब में ..... तैर रही हैं। ( मछली / मछलियाँ )

ख) ठंडी ..... चल रही है। ( हवाएँ / हवा )

ग) ..... का गुच्छा मुझे दे दो। ( फूल / फूलों )

घ) दीवार में एक ..... लगा दो। ( कीलें / कील )

#### iv) दिए गए वाक्यों में से संज्ञा शब्द छाँट कर लिखें –

क) हिमालय सबसे ऊँचा पर्वत है।

ग) बच्चा आम खा रहा है।

ख) गंगा हमारी पवित्र नदी है।

घ) ताजमहल आगरा में है।

#### v) नीचे दिए गए अशुद्ध शब्दों को शुद्ध करके लिखें –

क) कठीन

ख) पुजय

ग) बिमारी

घ) परभू

## खण्ड –ग

### 6. दीर्घउत्तरीय प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें –

[ 2 x 5 =10 ]

i) पेड़ ने प्रौढ़ व्यक्ति को क्या सलाह दी ?

ii) अंत में शिकारी प्रसन्नता का अनुभव क्यों कर रहा था ?

iii) गाँव की हाट क्यों लगती है ?

iv) अर्जुन ने चिड़िया से क्या कहा ?

v) सिंह स्तम्भ के नीचे क्या लिखा है और उसका क्या अर्थ है ? लिखें।

### 7. एक वाक्य में प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें –

[ 1 X 8 = 8 ]

i) फूलों पर कौन मँडराते हैं ?

ii) युवक ने घर की माँग क्यों की ?

iii) हिरनौटा कैसा था ?

iv) 'गाँव की हाट' पाठ में पत्र कहाँ से लिखा गया है ?

v) वनवास की क्या शर्त थी ?

P.T.O.





# DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL Township, Ranchi

FIRST SEMESTER (SESSION-2017-18)

CLASS: – IV

DATE :- 18.09.2017

SUBJECT:- English

M.M. :- 80

### Section – A (Reading – 10 marks)

1. **Read this passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:**

**Para -1** There are many species of birds that can imitate human speech for thousands of years, humans have kept birds of the parrot family as pets because of their bright, colourful feathers and their ability to ‘talk’ like humans. Coming from this family, the African grey parrot is the best ‘talker’. Cockatoos, macaws and parakeets are other birds which can ‘talk’. The hill myna of India and surrounding islands is among the best ‘talking birds’, as its voice is surprisingly close to that of a human. They can be trained to whistle tunes, cough like a man or laugh like a woman.

**Para -2** Even crows can imitate human speech, though their vocabulary is usually very limited. While no one knows why some species of birds are better than others at imitating speech, it is possible that they have better memories and are natural mimics. In general, scientists agree that although different birds may have different levels of intelligence it is unlikely that they understand human words and most probably they are just imitating sounds that they hear.

**a) Why parrots are popular as pets? (Para – 1) [ 2 ]**

**b) Complete the sentence:**

Some birds are better than others at imitating speech because \_\_\_\_\_. (Para – 2) [ 1 ]

**c) Choose the correct answer:**

The best ‘talker’ among parrots is the

- i) Parakeet                                      ii) African grey parrot                                      iii) Crow

**d) Write the opposites of the given words using appropriate prefix: (un, in, im) [ 1 ]**

- i) ability                                      ii) limited

2. **Read this poem and answer the questions that follow:**

### Come and Play in the Garden

Little sister, come away,  
And let us in the garden play,  
For it is a pleasant day

On the grass-bed let us sit,  
Or if you please, we’ll play a bit,  
And run about all over it.

But the fruit we will not pick,  
For that would be a naughty trick,  
And very likely make us sick.

Nor will we pluck the pretty flowers  
That grow about the beds and bowers,  
Because you know they are not ours.

We’ll take the daisies, white and red,  
Because mamma has often said  
That we may gather them instead

And much I hope we always may  
Our very dear mamma obey,  
And mind whatever she may say. - Jane Taylor

**a) Why does the poet want to play in the garden and with whom? (stanza -1) [ 2 ]**

**b) Where would the poet sit with her sister and play? (stanza -2) [ 1 ]**

**c) Fill in the blanks: [ 1 ]**

The poet said “Nor will we pluck the pretty flowers” because\_\_\_\_\_ (stanza -4)

**d) Find words from the poem that rhyme with these words: [ 1 ]**

- a) showers                                      b) kick

### Section – B ( Writing – 10 marks)

3. **Paragraph writing: [ 5 ]**

Write a paragraph on any one of the topics in not more than 100 words.

- a) Importance of Newspaper in our life.                                      b) Morning Walk

4. **Notice Writing ( Write any one): [ 5 ]**

a) You are Siddhant, Head Boy of DPS, Ranchi. Your school is organizing a dance competition on 10<sup>th</sup> October 2017 in the school auditorium. Write a notice for your school notice board and invite names of interested students.

OR

b) You are Priya, Cultural Secretary of DPS, Ranchi. Your school is publishing its annual magazine next month. Write a short notice for the notice board and inviting write ups from the students before 30<sup>th</sup> September 2017.

P.T.O.

**Section – C ( Grammar – 25 marks)**

5. **Do as directed:** [ 1 x 9 = 9 ]
- We play football everyday. [ State if it is a sentence or not ]
  - Sheep gives us wool. [Pick out the nouns ]
  - Sonia loves her mother. [ Identify the underlined nouns as common or proper]
  - A \_\_\_\_\_ of singers. [ use collective noun]
  - glass \_\_\_\_\_. [ Identify the kind of gender as Neuter or Common]
  - storey, wife. [ write the plural]
  - A person who is liked by many. [ write an adjective to describe this person]
  - January is (*colder / coldest* ) than March. [ Tick the correct adjective]
  - A slice of \_\_\_\_\_. [ Use an uncountable noun ]
6. **Complete the table:** [ 1 x 3 = 3 ]
- much \_\_\_\_\_ most
  - cool \_\_\_\_\_ coolest
  - \_\_\_\_\_ worse, worst
7. **Complete the sentences by inserting either a subject or a predicate:** [ 1 x 3 = 3 ]
- \_\_\_\_\_ is good for health.
  - The soldiers \_\_\_\_\_.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ was a great leader.
8. **Identify the kind of sentences:** [ 1 x 3 = 3 ]
- Work hard.
  - Are you alright?
  - The Rose is a symbol of beauty.
9. **Rewrite the following groups of words as sentences:** [ 1 x 3 = 3 ]
- awarded her Kavita was bravery for
  - us let tomorrow meet
  - business mind your own
10. **Suggest a common noun for the given proper nouns:** [ 1 x 2 = 2 ]
- Christmas, Pongal, Diwali, Eid \_\_\_\_\_
  - Hindustan Times, The Times, The Indian Express. \_\_\_\_\_
11. **Rewrite the following sentences changing the gender of the underlined words:** [ 1 x 2 = 2 ]
- The hero won an award for his movie.
  - The hostess welcomed her guests.
- Section – D ( Literature – 35 marks)**
13. **Answer in detail:** [ 3 x 2 = 6 ]
- When Ramanatha gave the bottle of dew to Mahipati, the sage smiled. Why do you think he smiled?
  - What made the lion believe that the donkey had taken all the water?
14. **Answer in short:** [ 2 x 7 = 14 ]
- What was Rusty's job and why didn't he like it?
  - Which colour is the odd one out? Explain.
  - How did Madhumati help her husband?
  - Why did the frogs and toads stick their heads out of the mud?
  - How did the quarrel start?
  - I knew he was wrong!
    - Who says this in the poem 'The Quarrel'? ii) Who is he?
  - Why are you shouting?
    - Who is the speaker? Who is being spoken to?
15. **Give the meaning of the following words:** [ 1 x 5 = 5 ]
- glinted
  - captive
  - intense
  - roam
  - swamp
16. **Make sentences with the following words:** [ 1 x 5 = 5 ]
- suddenly
  - drought
  - delight
  - gathered
  - crowd
17. **Choose the correct option:** [ 1 x 2 = 2 ]
- In the story, The Donkey's Tears Glutton means –
    - greedy creature
    - fat creature
  - The oil that Zoltan poured on to the road –
    - made Rusty crash and lose the race.
    - helped Rusty move faster.
18. **State if the following sentences are True or False:** [ 1 x 3 = 3 ]
- The donkey was pleased to see all the animals coming towards him.
  - The poem 'The Quarrel' is about quarrelling and making up after a quarrel.
  - Ramanatha planted more and more mango plants.



# DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL Township, Ranchi

FIRST SEMESTER (SESSION-2017-18)

CLASS: – IV

DATE :- 20.09.2017

SUBJECT:- Mathematics

M.M. :- 80

## Section – A

1. **Fill in the blanks with correct answer:** [ 1 x 15 = 15 ]

- The number which is 1 less than 1 lakh is \_\_\_\_\_
- 100 millions is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ crores.
- $82881 + 71991 = 71991 +$  \_\_\_\_\_
- The product of 58 and 21 is \_\_\_\_\_
- 100 times the smallest 4 digit number is \_\_\_\_\_
- Ten lakhs in International system is \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 thousands – 8 tens = \_\_\_\_\_
- Multiplication is the inverse of \_\_\_\_\_
- If  $42 \times 84 = 35364$  then  $35364 \div 84 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 days 5 hours = \_\_\_\_\_ hours.
- 7 hours = \_\_\_\_\_ minutes.
- Rounding 540839 to the nearest ten is \_\_\_\_\_
- The difference between the place value of 6's in 162654 is \_\_\_\_\_
- $2411 \times$  \_\_\_\_\_ = 241100
- If quotient is 240, remainder is 14 and divisor is 30 then dividend is equal to \_\_\_\_\_

2. **Match the following:** [ 1 x 5 = 5 ]

- |                                |            |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| a) $424 \times 29$             | i) 5322    |
| b) $(316 \times 100) \div 100$ | ii) 62209  |
| c) $23411 + 24516 + 33412$     | iii) 12296 |
| d) $245892 - 183683$           | iv) 81339  |
| e) $42576 \div 8$              | v) 316     |

3. **Write True or False against each statement:** [ 1 x 10 = 10 ]

- Ninety six lakh five thousand fifteen is 9605015.
- The number 1610 is divisible by 6.
- If the dividend and divisor are the same non zero number, the quotient is 1.
- The time 4 hours after 6:50 a.m. is 10:50 hours
- Among 1993, 1994, 1995, 2000 the year 1994 was the leap year.
- A diameter is the longest chord of the circle.
- All polygons are not closed curve.
- A rectangle has more than 2 lines of symmetry.
- 140 seconds is equal to 2 minutes 20 seconds.
- In  $4379 \div 29$ , the quotient is 151.

P.T.O.

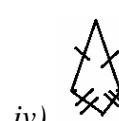
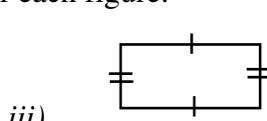
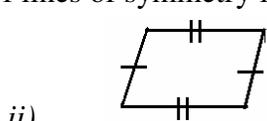
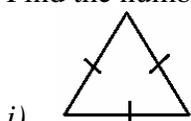
**Section – B**

**4. Do as directed:**

**[ 2 x 13 = 26 ]**

- a) Subtracted the sum of 89251 and 24589 from 150000.
- b) Find the difference between 327848 and 848327.
- c) Multiply :
  - i)  $248 \times 32$                       ii)  $324 \times 41$
- d) Divide :
  - i)  $2468 \div 14$                       ii)  $1542 \div 19$
- e) Estimate  $1055 + 715$  to the nearest hundred and also find the actual sum.
- f) Estimate the product  $74 \times 59$  to the nearest ten. Also find the difference from the actual product.
- g) Add 48 minutes 35 seconds and 14 minutes 15 seconds.
- h) Anil was admitted to the hospital on 15<sup>th</sup> May, 2017 and discharged on 15<sup>th</sup> June 2017. How long did he remain in the hospital?
- i) If subtrahend is 428381 and difference is 342851, find the minuend.
- j) Ram has 520 currency notes of 20 rupee each. How much money does he have?
- k) Find the difference between the greatest 5 digit number and 1 less than the smallest 6 digit number.
- l) Construct the line segment of the given length
  - i) 8.5 cm                      ii) 9cm 6mm

m) Find the number of lines of symmetry for each figure:



**5. Solve :**

**[ 3 x 6 = 18 ]**

- a) A company made 142921 trucks and 52781 scooters in one year. How many number of vehicles were made altogether in that year?
- b) Two candidates contested for election, 567719 votes were polled in all. If one of them got 325247 votes, find the number of votes polled in favour of the second candidate.
- c) Find the total time in minutes in month of November.
- d) The cost of a toy is ₹ 775. Find the cost of 15 packets, if each packet contains 4 toys.
- e) A train covers 5580 km in 36 hours. How many kilometer does it cover in one hour.
- f) Using unitary method find the price of 5 litres of milk if the price of 7 litres milk is ₹ 105.

**Section – C**

**6. Value based question ( Solve any two):**

**[ 3 x 2 = 6 ]**

- a) A carton contains 55 apples and another carton contains 60 apples. What is weight of the total apples in the two cartons, if each apple weight 140 g.
- b) An evening show starts at 6:30 p.m. It runs for 2 hours 45 minutes. At what time does it end?
- c) A man wanted to distribute ₹ 705000 among his wife, son and daughter. He gave ₹ 252875 to his daughter, ₹ 327500 to his son and the rest to his wife. Find the share of his wife.